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U. S. DEPARTMENT
OF AGRICULTURE
Soil Conservation Service



GUAYULE: A LIST OF REFERENCES

Compiled by Alan J. Blanchard Assistant Librarian This paper is available for limited distribution from:

Division of Information Soil Conservation Service U. S. Department of Agriculture Washington, D. C.

### FOREWORD

Using the resources of the libraries listed in "Sources consulted", efforts were taken to make this alphabetical list as complete as possible. All phases of guayule - the shrub, extraction of rubber from it, and the manufacture of finished products from this rubber - are covered.

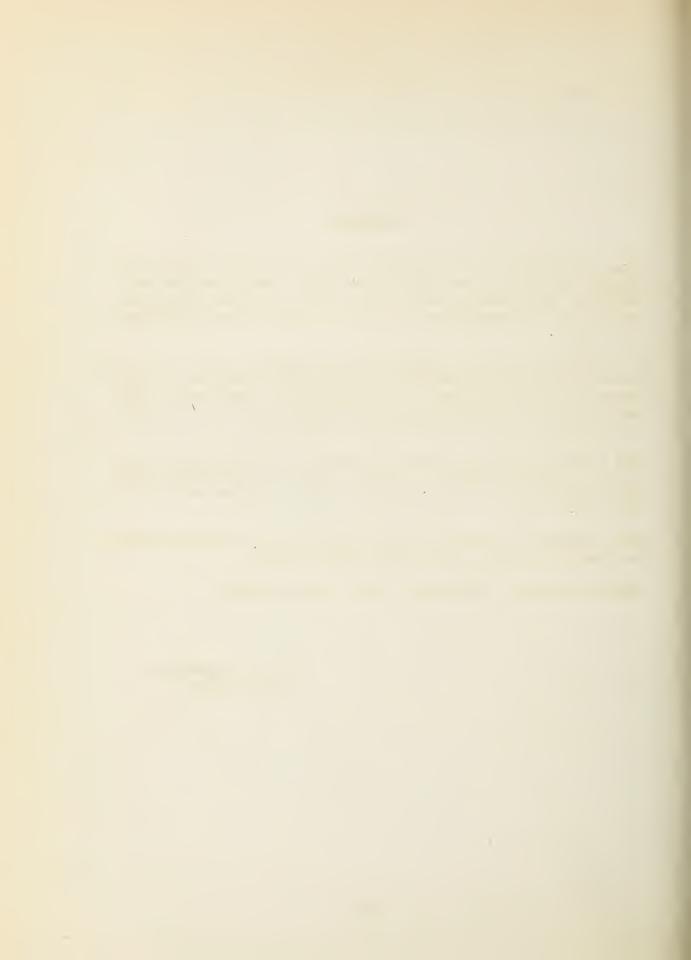
In the heyday of the wild shrub industry in Mexico, during the first decade of this century, references of some kind were made in many issues of the trade journals, especially India Rubber World. Since many of these were small items, it was decided, with few exceptions, to exclude those less than a half-page in length.

Only published items are included and no attempt was made to search for references to newspaper articles. However, a few rather long, signed articles came to the attention of the compiler, and have been included.

For convenience, Department of Agriculture Library call numbers have been inserted for items available in that Library.

Numerical symbols in the index refer to item numbers.

Alan J. Blanchard Farch 1, 1942



#### SOURCES CONSULTED

Card catalogs of the following libraries:
Library of Congress
Pan American Union
U.S.Bureau of Agricultural Economics
U.S.Bureau of Plant Industry
U.S.Department of Agriculture
U.S.Department of Commerce
U.S.Patent Office
U.S.Soil Conservation Service

July 1941 - v. 86, hu. 2, Feb. 1942

Record, v.1-84, 1889-June 1941

#### Indexes:

Agricultural Index, 1916-Feb.1942 Amorican Chemical Society. Chemical Abstracts, v.1-35, 1907-1941 Annual Library Index, 1905-1910 Annual Literary Index, 1892-1904 Annual Magazine Subject-Index; 1908-1939 Biological Abstracts, v.1-14, 1926-1940 Botanical Mostracts, v.1-11, 1918-1922 Botanisches Centralblatt, bd.1-60, 143-172, 1380-1894, 1922-1937/38 British Chemical Abstracts, A-Pure Chemistry, 1926-1938 Chemisches Zentralblatt, bd.61(pt.II)no.1, July 1890 - bd.111(pt.1) no.20, May 15,1940; bd.112(pt.I)no.1, Jan.1,1941; bd.112(pt.I) no.3-8, Jan.15-Feb.19,1941. Cumulative Book Index, 1928-Feb. 1942 Engineering Index, 1892/95-1940 Industrial Arts Index, 1914-Jan.1942 International Catalog of Scientific Literature. D. Chemistry, 1st-14th, 1901-1914; M.Botany, 1st-14th, 1901-1914. International Index to Periodicals, 1907-Jan.1942 Landan. O emical Society. A collective index of the transactions, proceedings and abstracts of the Chemical Society. 1893-1922. Magazine Subject-Index, v.1, 1907 Poble's Index to Periodical Literature...Rev.ed.,1891. [cl332] 2v Supplements, Jan. 1352-Jan. 1,1907. 5v Public Affairs Information Service. Bulletin...1915-Feb.21,1942 Readers Guide to Periodical Literature, 1900-Feb. 25, 1942 Societé Chimique de France. Bulletin... Fémoires, 1889-1932. Bulletin... Documentation, 1933-1938 Society of Chemical Industry. Journal. British Chemical Abstracts. B (Applied Chemistry) 1926-1938 U.S. Bureau of Agricultural Economics. Library. Agricultural Economics Literature, v.1-13, 1927-1939 U.S. Bureau of Agricultural Economics. Library. [Rubber index - unpublished] U.S. Department of Agriculture. Division of Publications. Index to the Publications of the United States Department of Agriculture, 1901-1935. 3v U.S. Office of Experiment Stations. Experiment Station Record, v. 85, ho.l,

U.S.Office of Experiment Stations. General Index to Experiment Station

U.S.Soil Conservation Service. Library. Soil Conservation Literature: Selected Current References, v.1-6,no.1, Jan./Feb.1937-Jan./Feb.1942 United States Catalog; Books in Print. 1902, Jan.1,1912, Jan.1,1928 Vertical File Service Catalog, v.6-11,no.2, 1937-Feb.1942

### Bibliographies:

Bedford, C.W. Systematic survey of rubber chemistry; a bibliography... 385pp. New York, Chemical catalog company, inc., 1923

...Bibliography of rubber literature (excluding patents)... 1935-1938/39. New York, The Rubber age, 1936-1940.

Bogart, R.E. Rubber and rubber substitutes; a bibliography...

48 numb.1., processed. [Syracuse, N.Y.] 1917

London. Science Ruseum. Science Library. ... Rubber; its anti-oxidants and preservatives, compiled by the Science library and the Research association of British rubber manufacturers. 82pp. London, 1934. (Its bibliographical series, no.151)

Rubber bibliography (title varies) In issues of India Rubber World,

v.20, no.6 - v.105, no.5. Sept.1899—Feb.1942

Rutgers, A.A.L. ... Rubber-bibliographie. Rubber bibliography, 1901-1916... 84pp. [Batavia]1917 (Communications General Experiment Station A.V.R.O.S. Rubber series no.5)

Special Libraries Association. Rubber Committee. ... Bibliography on rubber technology. 1924-Dec. 1927. 2 v. [New York, 1926-1930]

U.S.Office of Foreign Agricultural Relations. ...Bibliography on rubber. 2 numb.l.,processed. [Washington,1941]

U.S.Forest Service. California Forest and Lange Experiment Station.

Guayule, a bibliography compiled by A.F.Avakian, librarian... 2pp., processed. [Berkeley, Calif., Var. 1942]

U.S.Library of Congress. Division of Bibliography. ... Select list of references on rubber [by] H.H. Leyer... 19 numb.1., typowritten.

[Washington, 1910]

U.S.National Bureau of Standards. A guide to the literature on rubber. 13 numb.l., processed. [Mashington, 1931]
U.S.National Bureau of Standards. ...Guide to the literature on ...

U.S. Mational Bureau of Standards. ... Guide to the literature on rubber. 34pp., processed. Washington, 1941. (Its Letter circular LC626)

U.S. Rureau of Plant Industry. Division of Plant Exploration and Introduction. List of publications on susyule (Parthenium Argentatum)

3 numb.l.,processed. [Washington,1923?]

U.S.Bureau of Plant Industry. Division of Plant Exploration and Introduction. ...Literature of Rubber... 6pp., processed. [Washington, 1937]

## GUAYULE A List of References

# Compiled by Alan J. Blanchard Assistant Librarian

- 1. Acres for guayule; government's promotion of rubber-bearing bush is launched in California area where crop is already established. Business Week no.649, pp.68,70. Feb.7,1942. 280.8 Sy "One group of authorities advocates sowing seeds thickly like grain and allowing them to grow unattended and unwatered for nine months, then harvesting the plants which, they say, will average 1,164 lb. of rubber per acre."
- 2. Alexander, Paul. Some of the constituents of Parthenium argentatum (Gray), the shrub from which comes the so-called "guayule rubber". Internatl.Rubber Cong.Proc.(1911)2:216-222. 78.9 In82 Bibliographical footnotes.
- 3. Alexander, P[aul]. Ueber bestandteile von Parthenium argentatum Gray, der stammpflanze des guayule-kautschuks. Deut.Chem.Gesell.Ber. 44(13):2320-2328. Sept.23,1911. 384 B45

  Bibliographical footnotes.

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  Abstracted in Chem.Zentbl.82,II(24):1820-1821. Dec.13,1911.

384 C42; Chem.Abs.5(23):3921. Dec.10,1911. 381 Am33C

4. Alexander, Paul and Bing, K. Ueber die gewinnung von kautschuk aus getrockneten kautschukpflanzen. Tropenpflanzer 12(2):57-68. Feb. 1908. 26 T75

German. Translated title: The extraction of rubber from dried rubber plants.

Includes guayule.

Reprinted in Gummi Ztg.22(23):604-607. Mar.6,1908. 305.8 G95 Abstracted in Chem.Abs.2(10):1494. May 20,1908. 381 Am33C

5. Altamirano, F[ernando] Datos por la historia y explotación del "guayule". Mex. Sec. de Fomento. Bol. II, 5(1):1098-1123. 1905/06. 8 F732A

Spanish. Translated title: Data on the history and production of guayule.

Answer by the National Medical Institute to a questionnaire on guayule, including a translation of Rudolph Endlich's "Der guayule und seine wirtschaftliche bedeutung" (see item no.51).

6. Altamirano, Fernando. Memorias sobre algunas exploraciones botánicas practicadas en diciembre de 1907. Inst. Méd. Nac. An. 10: [15]-40, illus. Jan. /Mar. 1908. 516 M577

Spanish. Translated title: Memoirs of some botanical explorations made in December 1907.

Visita a la fabrica de cauchu en el Saltillo(Visit to the [guayule]rubber factory in Saltillo[Mexico]):pp.19-22.

7. American rubber, guayule. Sci. Amer. 144(6): 406-407, illus. June 1931. 470 Sci25

. A follow-up on D.T.MacDougal's article, "Can we grow our own rubber" (see item no.160).

Guayule shrubs at Salinas, Calif., have reached maturity, been harvested, and a factory built - Quayule rubber used in tires - Economics of guayule depend on price of hevea.

- 8. Ampar balloon tires; standard tires made from [guayule] rubber grown in the United States; Ampar crude rubber equal to plantations in quality at a substantial saving in price. India Rubber World 77(4):65-66, illus. Jan. 1928. 305.8 In2
- 9. Anderson, J.Z. Domestic supply of rubber. Cong. Rec. 87(3):3137-3142.
  1941. 148.2 R24

Statement in House, Apr. 16, 1941 (77th Congress, 1st session). General discussion of the development of the guayule rubber industry in the U.S., its economics, the need for an increased domestic supply because of the defense emergency, concluded with six reasons why the federal government should be interested in encouraging the guayule industry in the U.S.; includes letter on historical background of guayule in the U.S. from Dr. E.C. Auchter, Chief of the U.S. Bureau of Plant Industry, to Mr. Anderson, and correspondence between the latter and Secretary of Agriculture Wallace on Department investigations into the possibility of producing rubber in the western hemisphere.

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Article from New York Times, Sept.12,1940; interview with William O'Neil, president of General Tire and Rubber Co., who urges domestic cultivation of guayule.

11. Anderson, J.Z. Production of rubber in the United States; extension of remarks of Hon. John Z. Anderson of California in the House of Representatives... April 25, 1940. Article prepared by the Salinas, Calif., Chamber of Commerce. Cong. Rec. 86(15): app. 2429-2430. 1940. 148.2 R24

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Urges production of guayule rubber in U.S. through government assistance.

- 12. Anderson, J.Z. Rubber; extension of remarks of Hon. John Z. Anderson of California in the House of Representatives... Farch 13,1940.

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  76th Congress, 3d session.

  Urges development of domestic guayule industry.
- 13. Anderson, J.Z. Rubber; extension of remarks of Hon. John Z. Anderson of California in the House of Representatives... March 24,1941. Editorial from the San Jose [Calif.] Mercury-Herald. Cong. Rec. (Bi-weekly ed.)87(6): A1441-1442. 1941. 148.2 R24 77th Congress, 1st session.

  Urges federal interest in guayule rubber.
  - 14. As to machine-grown rubber. India Rubber orld 59(5):231. Feb. 1919. 305.8 In2

    Machine-grown guayule "is a million-dollar undertaking and the small operator has no great chance. With the expansion of business, however, it is perfectly possible that central factories will be installed for extraction and that guayule-growers will ship their product in as the beet-growers do theirs to the sugar centrals."
  - 15. Atrevido. Die gewinnung von kautschuk aus der gunyule-pflanze (Parthenium argentatum Gray) Gummi Ztg.23(4):93-94. Oct. 23,1908. 305.8 G95
    German. Translated title: The extraction of rubber from the guayule plant.

    Description of the mechanical and chemical methods.
  - 16. Atrovido. Handelssorten des guzyule-gummi deren herstellung und erkennungszeichen, unter alleiniger berücksichtigung des machanischen verfahrens. Gummi Ztg.23(17):500-501. Jan. 22,1909. 305.8 G95

    German. Translated title: Commercial varieties of guayule rubber, its manufacture and characteristics, with regard solely for the mechanical process.
  - 17. Parber, Jackson. Possibilities of guayule rubber in America; a question-and-answer forum concerning the widespread development of guayule in America. Rubber Age 49(5):327-329, illus. Aug. 1941., 305.8 R82 Quotations from letter by Rep. John Z. Anderson querying Dr. David Spence, with latter's replies.
  - 18. Benedictis, A. de. Il guayule. Agr. Colon. [Italy]23(1):16-18.

    Jan. 1929. 26 Ag82

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    History and description of plant; planting experiments in

History and description of plant; planting experiments in Eritroa since 1927.

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- 19. Plythe, S.G. Taming the wild mayule. Sat. Evening Post 203(44):
  28,30,106,109-110,illus. May 2,1931.

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- 20. Pochantseva, Z.P. K biologii tsvetaniia guaiuly Parthenium argantatum Grant Sred: Aziatsk. Gosud. Univ. Trudy (Univ. Asiae Mediae Acta) Ser. 8-b, Pot., fasc. 15. 16pp., illus. 1933. 511 T18B
  Bibliographical footnotes.
  Russian, with German summary. Translated title: Essay on the biology of the flower of Parthenium argentatum Gray.
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- 23. Bowers, G.B. Our home-grown rubber. Flower Grower 13(3):133, illus.

  Mar.1926. 80 M72

  "In the United States[guayule]production has been largely experimental. Near Escendido, California, five-hundred acres produce seed for a large tract at Continental, Arizona, where important experiments are being carried on."
- 24. Bringing jusyuls into central California: modern machinery combined with the most scientific betanical research is successfully introducing this Mexican rubber plant into the United States.

  Rubber Age 24(1):28-29, illus. Oct.10,1928. 305.8 R82

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- 25. Broke, W.S. Juayule. Out West, n.s.l(1):177-181, illus. Feb.28, 1911.
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- 26. Colifornia. Legislature. Assembly. ... Assembly joint resolution 41, relative to memorializing Congress to investigate the feasibility of growing of guoyule rubber in Colifornia, and, if found feasible, to subsidize the same. Cong. Rec. (Pi-weekly ed.) 87(11):4496. 1941. 148.2 R24.

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  Includes guayule.
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- 29. Carnahan, G.H. The production of guayule rubber. Indus.and Engin. Chem. 18(11):1124-1126. Nov. 1926. 381 J825

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American Chemical Society, at the 72d meeting, Philadelphia, Pa.,

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extraction.

Soil and climatic conditions necessary for growing guayule - Comparative factors in guayule and plantation industries (labor cost, diseases and posts) - Future industrial outlook - Change in policy regarding guayule development (need for active cooperation by agriculturists and rubber manufacturers with the one company that so far has developed guayule).

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30. Carnahan, G.H. Rocent guayule developments - chemical, cultural, and mechanical improvements. India Rubber World 79(1):53-55, illus. Oct. 1928. 305.8 In2

Intercontinental Rubber Company's "retting" process deresinates guayule, improving vulcanized rubber. Difference in tissue structure of cultivated shrubs, compared to the wild, which cases the extraction process.

- 31. Carothers, G.C. Guayule in northern Mexico; the pubble method of extracting rubber from the plant...rices and exports of guayule and rubber. U.S.Bur.Nemufactures, Monthly Consular and Trade Rpts.no.353,p.144. Feb.1910. 157.7 C76

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- 33. El caucho mexicano. Soc.Agr.Mex.Bol.36[i.e.,34]89):767-768. Oct. 17,1910. 8 Sol B

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  Discusses importance of the industry and three methods of

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Experiments made at the Royal Garden of Acclimatization at Fueihat [Bengazi, Libya] on the acclimatization of guayule.

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Akad. Nauk. Azerbeidzh. Filial. Bot. Inst. Trudy 2:119-146, illus.
1936. 451 Akl
Russian, with French summary. Translated title: Naterials of regional distribution of guayule in Azerbaidzhan.

- 36. Chute, H.O. The deresination of india rubber-III. India Rubber World 40(4):351-352. July 1909. 305.8 In2 Includes discussion of guayule resin its solubility, qualities, and saponification.
- 37. Congress approves guayule bill calling for cultivation of 75,000 acres.
  Rubber Age 50(5):367. Feb.1942. 305.8 R82
  Senate passed amended bill Feb.9, after House passage Feb.5.
- 38. Cook, O.F. ... Rubber cultivation for Porto Rico. U.S. Dept. Agr. Div. Bot. Cir. 28. 12pp. [Washington, U.S. Govt. print. off., 1900] 1.8650

Footnote, p.6, questioning the accuracy of the report in Scientific American for May 1900 (see item no.18.5) on a new Mexican rubber.

"The Indian name is said to be 'yule', already known in application to Castilloa, while the scientific designation, 'Synathereceas-Mexicanas', seems to have been unfortunately chosen, since the genus Synantherias, which has the only similar name known to botanists, is a member of the aroid family...not a Mexican shrub."

(See item no. 107 for identification of Synathereoeas M. es guayule.)

- 39. Cork trees, rubber bushes being grown in California. Sci. News Letter 39(25):397. June 21,1941. 470 Sci24

  "The new [guayule] stocks being grown are in a nursery sponsored by the Continental hubber Company, whose directors wish to learn whether guayule can be successfully produced in the interior valleys of California."
- 40. Cotton and guavule in Lower Colifornia. India Rubber World 60(2):
  409-410,illus. May 1919. 305.8 In2
  California stirred over whether there is to be a large
  Japanese colony for the production of cotton and guayule on
  the immense holdings of the California-Mexico Land & Cattle
  Co., consisting of 800,000 acres.

Crude rubber may be produced in California by cultivation of guayule Merc. Trust Rev. of the Pacific 15(10):225-229. shrub.

15,1926.

"After fourteen years of experimentation in the southwestern states, including nineteen different plantings on plots ranging from one-half to two hundred acres in California, a large eastern rubber company has selected the Salinas Valley as the most favorable locality to begin its operations."

Includes discussion of rubber industry in general.

42. Cultivation to enlarge guayule rubber supply... Rubber Age 20(3): 127,illus. Nov.10,1926. 305.8 R82

> "Slowness of wild guayule shrub in reproducing after . harvesting together with a greatly enlarged potential demand for improved guayule rubber has promoted experiments in cultivation the success of which now seems assured. Optimum conditions found near Salinas, California, and the Continental Rubber Co. is expanding quayule plantations there."

- 43. Cutler, D.A. Guayule rubber shrub was considered a nuisance for centuries until E.B.Aldrich discovered its possibilities in 1904. Rubber Age 18(6):202. Dec.25,1925. 305.8 R82 Presented at Centennial dinner at Poston, Nass., Dec. 7, 1925. Aldrich took part in organization of Continental Rubber Co. of America. The latter firm is expected to sell 8,000,000 lbs. of guayule rubber in 1925. Successful use of guayule has been made in tires and hard rubber goods.
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Russian, with German summary. Translated title: Comparative cytoembryological analysis of the varieties of Parthenium

argentatum Gray and Parthenium incanum Gray.

Translated into German in Bot. Centbl. Beihefte, Abt. A, Morph. u.Physiol.der Pflanz.53(2):293-308,illus. Apr.1935. 450 B65B Abstracted in Bot. Centbl. 171(5/6):153. Apr. 25, 1937. 450 B65; Piol. Abs. 11(5):1094. Nay 1937. 442.8 B526

Doering, J.H. Ruayule rubber in tires and tubes; service tests in 45. which the rubber was exclusively quayule. Indus.and Ingin. Chem. 26(5):541-543, illus. May 1934. 381 J825 "Literature cited, "p. 543.

> "Tires and tubes have been made in which the rubber used was exclusively guayule. These were of the 4.50 x 21 size and were tested in Florida over a period of 2 years. These tires failed at mileages between 8500 and 10,500 because of tread wear. The inner tubes gave satisfactory service throughout the duration of the test. The problems connected with the development and

processing of the compounds are discussed, and the formulas are given."

"Presented before the Division of Rubber Chemistry at the 86th meeting of the Amer. Chem. Soc., Chicago, Ill., Sept. 10-15, 1933."

Abstracted in Sci.,n.s.78(2020):Sup.p.9: Sept.15,1933. 470 Sci2; Soc.Chem.Indus.Jour.Brit.Chem.Abs.B,p.638. July 20,1934. 382 F773; Chem.Abs.28(13):4267. July 10, 1934. 381 Am330

46. Dufrenoy, J. Le caoutchouc de guayule (Parthenium argenteum (?) Gray)
Agron. Colon. 23(193):168-172. June 1934. 26 Ag812
"Bibliografie, "p. 172."

"A review of present-day developments, with particular reference to the botanical aspects." Abs. Chem. Abs. 29(13):4621. July 10,1935. 381 Am33C

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over five times the price at which the land itself was held at previous to this boom... No claim is made that the gum extracted... will ever take the place of rubber, but it can be made a substitute in many forms of manufacture."

Reprint in Internatl. Bur. Amer. R publics Monthly Bul. 23(3): 691-692. Sept. 1906. 150.9 176

- 48. Editorial [on rubber-producing trees and plants, with main emphasis on quayule] Chim. & Indus. [Paris]40(1):1-2. July 1938. 383 C42 Article in French.

  Partially translated in Automotive Indus.79(7):195. Aug. 13,1938.
- 49. L'emploi du guayule comme plastifiant. Caoutchouc et la Gutta-percha 22(256):12713, tables. June 15,1925.

  French.Translated title: The use of guayule to give plasticity.
- 50. Endlich,R[udolf] Guayule-kautschuk. Tropenpflanzer 7(11):556-557.

  Nov.1903. 26 T75

  German.Translated title:Guayule rubber.

  Letter to the editor, riefly describing the plant and early production activities in Mexico.
- 51. Endlich, Rudolf. Der guayule und seine wirtschaftliche bedeutung.
  Tropenpflanzer 9(5):233-247. Nay 1905. 26 T75
  Pibliographical footnotes.
  German. Translated title: Quayule and its economic importance.
  Gives description of the plant and methods of extraction.
  Dried plants now bring from \$30 to 540 a ton. The plant will
  grow on very poor and dry land and the crop can be worked up

at any time during the year. In districts suited to its culture it is believed that the crop can be grown profitably, especially if culture and manufacture are combined.

Translated under title, "The 'quayule' rubber plant— I and II," in India Rubber World 32(4):335-336. July 1905; 32(5):367-369. Aug.1905. 305.8 In2

Abstract in U.S.Off. Expt. Stas., Expt. Sta. Rec. 17(3):257-258.

Nov.1905. 1 Ex6R

52. Endlich, Rudolf. Veber den gegenwärtigen stand und die aussichten der guayuleindustrie. Tropenpflanzer 11(7):449-465, illus. July 1907. 26 T75

Bibliographical footnotes.

German. Translated title: The present position and prospects of the guayule industry.

Gives description of plant, distinction between it and Parthenium incanum, companies operating in Mexico, extraction processes and the future of the industry.

Reviewed in Internatl.Bur.Amer.Republics Monthly Bul.26(1):44-47. Jan.1908. 150.9 M76. Abstract by J.M.Hillier(See item no.107).

53. Ephraim, F. Guayule rubber. Metall.and Chem. Engin. 17(2):54. July 15,1917. 381 El2

Letter to the editor: Nriter claims to have operated at Torreon, Mex., in Nov. 1904, the first plant extracting rubber from guayule by mechanical means. He saw guayule plants successfully grown at Tucson, Ariz., on University of Arizona experimental plot about 1915.

54. Escobar, Rómulo. El guayule y su propagación. Ciudad Juarez, ex., Estac. Agr. Expt. Bol. 25. 30pp. Mexico City, Secretaría de fomento, 1910. 102 C49

Spanish. Translated title: Guayule and its propagation.
History, description, extraction, and reproduction
Reviewed by F.E. Lloyd in Amer. Rev. Trop. Agr. 1(8/9):251-256.
Aug./Sept.1910. 26 R322

Abstract in Chem. Abs. 5(12):2189-2190. June 20,1911. 381 Am330

55. The extraction of guayule rubber. India Rubber World 59(2):85,illus.
Nov.1918. 305.8 In2

"The mechanical extraction of guayule rubber consists, briefly, in reducing the shrub to pulp and separating the rubber by flotation. The product is then deresinated, sheeted, and dried, ready for shipment to the rubber manufacturer."

56. Federov, S.N. Brediteli kauchukonosnogo rasteniia-gualiuly(Parthenium argentatum Gray). Subtropics 2(3/4):112-114. Nar./Apr. 1930. 20 Sul

Russian. Translated title: Insects injurious to the resiniferous

plant guayule (Parthenium argentatum Gray).

Enumerates American insects, which are not yet being met with on Crimean plantations. However, great many local insects are injurious to the plant, threatening underground parts as well as stems, leaves, and flowers.

57. Ferguson, W.W. California may steal the rubber industry. Los Angeles Daily News, Oct. 22, 1941, p.35.

"Fred S. McCargar, secretary of the Salinas valley national defense committee, and G.A.Lee, Salinas farm manager of the Intercontinental Rubber Co.... have installed in the Filtmore hotel an exhibit showing the present development of rubber manufacture from the guayule plant."

advance investigation before being launched on a commercial basis."

Gives description of plant, cultivation, and extraction.

- 58. Finley, H.M. What about this new rubber industry? Product accepted on commercial parity with that of tropics extracted from desert shrub now being successfully cultivated in California guayule to have thorough trial in southwest. Los Angeles Sunday Times, Farm and Orchard Mag., Nov. 27, 1927, pp. 2, 6, 14.

  Story of its cultivation. "Time alone will tell whether this American rubber industry is to take its place among the important agricultural developments of the country. Very rarely, it is certain, has any crop introduction ever been submitted to such an exhaustive
- 59. First rubber crop harvested in California. Pop.Muchanics Mag.55(5): 728-729, illus. May 1931. 291.8 P81.

  Guayule plantings started in Salinas valley in 1926. Now the care and cultivation of these shrubs is entirely mechanized.
- 60. Fitzpatrick, George. New Mexico can grow rubber. New Mex.20(3):17, 26-27, illus. Mar.1942. 288.8 N46

  "New Mexico soil and climatic conditions are suitable to the growing of guayule, particularly the southern part of the state, and the state's congressional delegation has been assured of an allotment of seed for New Mexico from the Department of Agriculture."
- 61. For more guayule. India Rubber World 105(4):393. Jan.1942. 305.8 In2 Fonator Downey, on Dec.22,1941, introduced bill calling for Department of Agriculture to plant 45,000 acres of guayule. William O'Neil, president of the General Tire & Rubber Co., urges government subsidy.
- 62. Forbin, V. L'arbre a caoutchoue des déserts mexicains. Nature [Paris]no.2448, pp.148-149, illus. Nar.5,1921.

  Franch. Translated title: Rubber plant of the Lexican deserts. Gives description, history of the plant, and the extraction process.

  Abstract in English in Internation. Sei. and Pract. Agr. [Rome] 12(7):852-853. July 1921. 241 In8
- 63. Fox, C.P. The discoverer of guayule. India Rubber World 39(4):130. Jan.1909. 305.8 In2

  Letter to the editor telling of John Milton Bigelow, his discovery of guayule, and Asa Gray's later description of it in 1859.

64. Fox, C.P. Exerement of guayule-fed animals[abstract] Science, n.s. 33(844):345. Mar. 3, 1911. 470 Sci 2

Presented before Division of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, American Chemical Society, 43d general meeting, Minneapolis, Doc.

28-31,1910.

"During time of drought goats feed upon the tender branches of the guayule, Parthenium argentatum. The leaves of this plant do not contain rubber, but there is a small amount present in the twigs. The solid excrement of the guayule foraging animals does not contain a trace of caputchouc.

Pingue(Colorado rubber weed) is regarded by stockmen as poisonous to sheep. In this case death is caused by clogging of the digestive organs with undigested rubber. Goats are not affected by guayule." - Intire abstract.

- 65. Fox, C.P. The manufacture of mechanical guayule. India hubber Rev. 10(2):52. Feb.15,1910.

  Letter to the editor.
- 66. Fox, C.P. Technical determination of caoutchouc in guayule. Jour. Indus.and Engin.Chem.1(10):735-736. Oct.1909. 381 J825

  Abstract in Chem.Abs.3(24):3012. Dec.20,1909. 381 Am330
- 67. Fron, and Francois. Le "gunyule", plante a caoutchoud du Mexique. Agr.
  Prat.des Pays Chauds 1(1):105-109, illus. July/Aug.1901. 26 Ag81
  French. Translated title: Guayule, rubber plant of Mexico.
  Botanical description.
- 68. Fulmer, H.P. Guayule rubber; speech of Hon. Hampton P. Fulmer of South Carolina in the House of Representatives... February 5,1942.

  Cong. Roc. (Deily ed.) 88(27): A447-A448. 1942. 148.2 R24

  77th Congress, 2d session.

  Delivered during House consideration of S. 2152, the guayule bill.
  Only partly on guayule.
- 69. Gándara, Guillermo. Estudio botánico del guayule. Mex.Dir.Gen.Agr. Bol.3(4):317-320,illus. Apr.1913.

  Spanish.Translated title:Botanical study of guayule.
- 70. General notices respecting economic products and their development; the guayule rubber of Mexico. [Gt.Prit.]Imp.Inst.Pul.4(2): 114-117. 1906. 26 G79

  "A short account...of its characters and of the methods employed for obtaining the rubber."

  Reprint in India Rubber Jour.n.s.32(5):249-250. Aug.27, 1906.: 305.8 In21
- 71. Gleason, Storling. We now grow our own rubber; Mexico's wild weed, guayule, raised on 5600 acres in California, yields precious latex. Pop.Sci.Monthly 119(1):18-19,120, illus. July 1931. 470 P81 Describes the history of the plant, Dr.W.R.McCallum's research in cultivation, extraction, and the mechanization of the industry. "If the deadly blight which is the scourge of the hevea tree

should sweep through the tropical plantations as it has already done in Brazil, guzyule rubber might avert a serious world-wide rubber famine."

- 72. Government tests indicate commercial utility of guayule rubber; guayule said to be of almost equal utility to Hevea and even superior for some purposes; big development under way. India Rubber and Tire Rev.26(8):22,26,illus. Aug.1926. 305.8 In23

  Preliminary reports of Bureau of Standards tests for Intercontinental Rubber Company on guayule grown in California, Arizona, Texas, and Mexico. (For published report see item no.237)
- 73. Greeves-Carpenter, C.F. American-grown rubber. Compressed Air Mag. 43(5):5601-5603, illus. May 1938.

  Includes description of the plant and of the Intercontinental Rubber Company's growing and processing operations.
- 74. Grunfeld, Otto. Altes und neues über kautschukpflanzen Kautschuk
  12(9):171-174. Sept.1936. 305.8 Kl6
  Bibliographical footnotes.
  German. Translated title: The old and the new regarding rubber
  plants.
  Includes guayule.
- 75. Guayule. Gummi Ztg.24(38)1340-1341. June 17,1910. 305.8 G95
  Article in German.
  Brief history of its development in Mexico.
- 76. Guayule. India Rubber Rev.8(1):13-14. Jan.15,1978.

  "The botanical department of the University of Texas has demonstrated that the guayule shrub...is not an exclusively arid growth...The only question yet to be determined in the experiment ...is whether the excess of rainfall causes it to lose any of its rubber-producing qualities."
- 77. Guayule. Rubber Age 20(3):123. Nov.10,1926. 305.8 R82

  Editorial on the future of the guayule industry through successful cultivation and volume production.
- 78. Guayule. Rubber Age 50(4):286. Jan.1942. 305.8 R82
  Representative Anderson, California, introduced into the House on Jan.6,1942, a bill to provide for the planting of 75,000 acres of guayule, in contrast to his earlier bill calling for 45,000. William O'Neil, president of the General Tire and Rubber Company, is one of the leading advocates of guayule cultivation.
- 79. Le guayule. Soc.Belge d'Etudes Colon.Pul.14(5):437-441. May 1907. 26 Sol
  Article in French.
  History, description, and manufacture.
- 80. Guayule a high grade rubber; botanical source occurrence, yield and production extraction and preparation characteristics of guayule. India Rubber World 72(5):652-653. Aug.1925. 305.8 In2

  "The plant...was discovered in northern Mexico in 1852 by

Dr.J.M.Bigelow, and later described and named Parthenium argentatum by Professor Asa Gray of Harvard"
Discusses the effect of accelerators on guzyule.

81. Guayule and a blowout in the desert; the farmers' income and the price of tires. Calif.Countryman 13(2):17, illus. Nov.1926. 6 Un34 "The farmers of the State of California, it seems probable, will be growing rubber by the contract as they have grown beets in the past."

Piaguages Interception to Euchhor Company a work at Salines.

Discusses Intercontinental Rubber Company's work at Salines.

- 82. Guayule as a rubber softener; a mix containing guayule will cure properly when small amounts of certain organic acids are added. Rubber Age 16(8):266. Jan.25,1925. 305.8 R82
- 83. Guayule cultivation in the United States, a rubber preparedness suggestion. India Rubber World 55(3):133-135, illus. Dec. 1916. 305.8 In2
  "References, "p.135.

"The long continued series of revolutions in Mexico reduced the average yearly export of 10,000 tons of guayule rubber to... 1408 tons during the 12 months ending June 1916."

- 84. Guayule extraction mill; first factory in United States to process new American farm product starts work on West Coast. India Rubber World 83(6):53-55, illus. Mar.1931. 305.8 In2

  Intercontinental Rubber Company's subsidiary, American Rubber Producers; Inc., formally opens \$150,000 plant near Salinas, Calif., on Feb.6, 1931. Article tells how rubber is washed and caked, how crops are developed, and what the present and potential uses of the rubber are.
- 85. The guayule factories of Mexico. India Mubber World 34(4):329-330, illus. July 1906. 305.8 In2

  Gives illustrations of Continental's Torreon plant, output of Mexican guayule industry, and uses of the rubber.
- 86. Guayule in the United States. India Rubber World 39(2):58. Nov. 1908. 305.8 In2

Texas company, Big Bend Manufacturing Co., acquires right to utilize guayule plants on state school lands. Texas Rubber Co. is formed.

Article gives Asa Gray's description of the shrub in 1859.

87. Guayule industry, its origin and development. Pan-Amer. Mag. 33(5): 225-227. Oct. 1921. 110 P19

Gives history of the industry, description of plant, and prices and Mexican exports around 1910 to 1920.

88. Guayule interests. India Rubber World 36(5):332,illus. Aug.
1907. 305.8 In2
Includes operations of producing companies and statement at

Includes operations of producing companies and statement about, and picture of, Dr. Adolpho Marx, associated with the guayule company L'Anglo Mexicana.

- 89. Der guayule-kautschuk. Gummi Ztg.21(17):416-417. Jan.25,
  1907. 305.8 G95
  German.Translated title:Guayule rubber.
  Discusses the Mexican producing companies and the qualities of the rubber.
- 90. Guayule legislation introduced in House. India Rubber World 104(4):
  54. July 1941. 305.8 In2
  H.R.5030 introduced June 11,1941 to "provide for the planting of 45,000 acres of guayule in order to make available a domestic source of crude rubber for emergency and defense uses". This bill would create in the U.S.Dept.of Agriculture a \$25,000,000 corporation to be known as the Federal Guayule Corporation. The present condition of U.S.guayule plantings is discussed.
- 91. El guayule, planta silvestre que podría ser nueva fuente de riqueza.
  Rev.de Agr.[Costa Rica]13(9):437,439-440. Sept.1941. 8 Esl

  Spanish.Translated title:Guayule, the wild plant that may become
  a new source of wealth.

  Translated by Emilio Artavia from Everybody's Weekly, Phila.,
  on the history of the guayule plant, experiments made in U.S.
  for growing and domesticating it, and its characteristics.
- 92. La guayule, plante à caoutchouc; sa mise en culture aux États-Unis.

  Génie Civil 97(4):87-89. July 26,1930. 290.8 G29

  French. Translated title: Guayule rubber plant, its cultivation in the United States.

  Consists mainly of excerpts of botanical information from M.W. Russell's "Le guayule..." and D. Spence's "Cultivation and
- 93. Guayule rubber. Kew Roy.Bot.Gard.Bul.Misc.Inform.no.6, pp.211-212.
  1910. 451 K51B

  Seeds were received at Kew Gardens in London and the bulk of

Seeds were received at Kew Gardens in London and the bulk of them distributed to sub-tropical colonies. The balance were germinated at Kew and are doing well.

preparation of rubber in the U.S. "(See items nos.219 and 231.)

Article includes dispatch from Mexican Minister showing guayule industry to be thriving there.

- 94. Guayulo rubber farms aided by new machinery. Business Week no.80, p.24, illus. Mar.18,1931. 280.8 Sy8
- 95. The guayule rubber interest. India Rubber World 38(2) \$250, illus.

  May 1908. 305.8 In2

  Encouraging experiments of Elias Delafond, Mexico City, in cultivation of guayule.

- 96. Guayule rubber may help solve tire difficulty. Henderson asks prices be not raised above December 6 level. Coop. Consumer 8(24):7.
  Dec.31,1941. 280.28 C7836
- 97. The "guayule" rubber plant-III. India Rubber World 33(1):3-4,illus.
  Oct.1905. 305.8 In2
  Continental Rubber Company will build factory at Torreon,
  Mexico, controlling extraction processes patented by W.A.Lawrence.
  Article gives description of latter and discusses operations of
  Coahuila Wining and Emelting Co.,Ltd.,and the International
  Guayule Rubber Co. (For parts I-II of this article see item no.52.)
- 98. Guayule rubber production resumed; Border Rubber Co.[at Marathon, Tex.] producing a ton a day from guayule shrubs; plant operating as subsidiary of C.T.Wilson Co.of New York. India Rubber & Tire Rev.25(10):78, illus. Oct.1925. 305.8 In23
- 99. Guayule rubber recovery; improved method of separating guayule from its natural fiber entanglement. India Rubber World 79(5):64, illus. Feb.1929. 305.8 In2
  Yeandle process.
- 100. The guayule rubber situation. India Rubber World 38(6):395-396, illus. Sept. 1908. 305.8 In2

  "Beforences: "p. 396
  "It may seem singular to some that, whereas business depression has prevailed in Nexico during a year past, the same as elsewhere, the output of guayule rubber continues to grow."
- 101. Guayule, sein verwendung und verarbeitung. Gummi Ztg.24(25):856-857.

  Mar.18,1910. 305.8 G95

  German. Translated title: Guayule, its use and manufacture.
- 102. Guglielminetti, Silvio. Il guayule, pianta da caucciù coltivabile in Italia e colonic. Costa Azzurra Agr. e Floreale 16(2):32-40. Feb. 1936; 16(3):59-66, illus. Mar. 1936. 16 C82

  Italian. Translated title: Guayule, rubber plant cultivable in Italy and her colonies.

  History, varieties, diseases and parasites, rubber content, extraction, and culture in America and Russia.

Abstract in Bot. Centbl. 171(13/14):399. Aug. 25,1937. 450 B65
Also printed as San Remo, Italy. Staz. Sper. di Floricoltura "Orazio
Raimondo, "Pub. 10. 18pp., illus. San Remo, Italy[1936?] 86 Sa5

103. Hamm, T.C. Guayule industry. U.S. Bur. Manufactures. Daily Consular & Trade Rpts.15(188):742-743. Aug.10,1912. 157.7 C76D

"The growth of the guayule rubber industry in the states of Durango and Coahuila has been truly remarkable... The plant occurs only in the wild state; several attempts have been made to propagate and cultivate it, but they all have been more or less unsuccessful."

104. Harries, C. Zur kenntnis der kautschukarten. Deut. Chem. Gesell. Ber. 36(9):1937-1941. June 20,1903. 384 B45

German. Translated title: Information on kinds of rubber. Includes guayule.

Abstract in Chem. Zentbl. 74, II(3):201-202. July 15, 1903. 384 C42

105. Harvesting American-grown rubber in California. Sci.Amer.152(3):
116,illus. Mar.1935. 470 Sci25
Photograph,with explanatory remarks as follows:"Guayule,a

Photograph, with explanatory remarks as follows: "Guayule, a domesticated wild desert shrub which yields 15 to 19 percent rubber, is harvested at Salinas, California, by a subsidiary of the Intercontinental Rubber Company, which employs tractors for drawing diggers that uproot the plants. After drying in the sun these plants are picked up by another tractor-drawn machine... which folds them into a cutter, chops them into pieces and blows these pieces through the arched conduit shown, into a trailing truck. At the mill the chopped plants are fed through rotating tube mills containing flint pebbles. This releases the rubber."

106. Hauser, E.A. Home-grown and home-made rubber. India hubber World 104(6):27-29, illus. Sept.1941. 305.8 In2

Discusses hevea, reclaimed, synthetic, and guayule rubber. "Guayule rubber could be successfully grown in this country, resulting in a rubber which can be handled without any change in our present processing methods."

Reprint in India Rubber Jour.102(17):9-11. Oct.25,1941; Abstract, 102(26):518-519. Dec.27,1941. 305.8 In21

107. Hillier, J.M. Guayule rubber (Parthenium argentatum, A.Gray) Kew Roy.

Bot. Gard. Bul. Misc. Inform. no.7, pp. 285-294. 1907. 451 K518

Composite article, containing: "The first communication received at Kew on the subject of guayule was...dated 29th December, 1902, requesting information regarding the following extract from Circular No.28 issued by the United States Department of Agriculture (the footnote referred to in item no.38)... This passage doubtless refers to the guayule, the name 'Synathereceas Mexicanus' being probably intended for 'Sinantéreas mexicanas', i.e., Mexican Compositae."

Max Miller's report (see item no.180)

Memorandum from British Vice-Consul Konnedy in Mexico.
Reprint of article by Dr. P.Olsson-Seffer from "The Mexican Investor".

Abstract of Rudolf Endlich's "Ueber den gegenwärtigen stand und die aussichten der guayuleindustrie" (see item no.52)
Pertially reprinted in India Rubber Jour.(n.s.)34(6):305.
Sept.9,1907. 305.8 In21

108. Holman, R.L. America's rubber farms: The guayule shrub, as rubbery as the trapical rubber plant, is being grown right here in California; it may lead us to the path of self-sufficiency. Forbes 48(9):12-13,32, illus. Nov.1,1941

While Dr. McCallum has tested it in four states, many authorities believe that it can be successfully produced anywhere in the South

where cotton will grow well."

- 109. Holt, E.G. Guayule.rubber. U.S. Bur. Foreign and Dom. Com. Rubber Div. Spec. Cir. 1270. 3pp., processed. [Washington, 1926]

  "Chihuahua, the northern part of Zacatecas and San Luis Potosi, the castern part of Durango, and the sourthern districts of Coahuila are the most important guayule districts in Mexico."

  Discusses growth and decline of Mexican industry, domestication of shrub in United States, guayule production, including table of estimated production in Mexico for each year, 1905-1925.
- 110. Holt, E.G. Mexico an important source of guayule rubber. U.S.Bur. Foreign and Dom. Com. Dom. Com. 29 (2):15. Jan. 8, 1942. 157.54 D713

  Includes table giving pounds, value, and cost per pound of U.S. imports from Mexico, by years from 1929 to 1940.
- 111. Home-grown rubber. Lig. Digest 89(4):25. Apr. 24, 1926.

  Includes letter from U.S. Dept. of Agriculture in regard to commercial guayule operations in Texas and experimental work in California and Arizona.
- 112. Hornaday, W.D. Guayule shrub as a source of crude rubber supply.

  Dun's Internatl.Rev.51:39-41,64,illus. Aug.1928.

  "Commercializing the guayule shrub as a source of crude rubber supply may within the next few years become an industry of vast importance in many semi-arid regions of the world, according to experts who have studied the possibilities of domesticating the wild plants."
- 113. Hutchinson, J. Parthenium argentatum A. Gray. Hookers Icones
  Plantarum, Ser. 4, v. 10, tabula 2998. 3pp., 1 pl. 1913. 450 H761
  Thorough botanical description.
- 114. Intercontinental rubber company. Report to stockholders concerning the Intercontinental Rubber Company, its property and business. 28pp., illus. New York, Continental Rubber Co. of N.Y. [1926] "Intercontinental Rubber Co.is a holding and operating company engaged, through its subsidiaries, in the production of plantation rubber in Sumatra and of guayule rubber in Mexico and the United States... The subsidiary companies... are(1) Continental Plantation Company[Sumatra]...(2)Continental Mexican Rubber Co. and Cedros Ranch Co. The first named owns and operates four factories in Lexico for the production of guayule rubber, and the latter owns about 1,800,000 acres of land in Mckico, from which a portion of the guayule shrub...is obtained...(3) Agricultural Products Corporation and Rubber Exploration Co., which own a ranch in Arizona and a number of scattered small areas in California. On these properties, experimentation and development work have been conducted over a period of years... Under present methods a given amount of guayule rubber can be produced with only onefifteenth of the labor required for a corresponding quantity of plantation rubber. With the resin extracted from the guayule product, the ratio would still be 12 to 1 in its favor. This advantage is sufficient to offset the much lower wages paid to laborers in the plantation areas... Company expects gradually

to increase its commercial operations and...the first commercial planting of 200 acres in California is under way, and seeds are being started for an additional 600 acres of plants to be set out next winter.(4) Continental Rubber Co.of New York, which sells and handles the output of guayule rubber..."

"Guayule rubber[Habitat, production and use, operations of company's pl. nts, Dr. ... B. McCallum's experiments on cultivation

- in the U.S.]",pp.13-28.

Gray)

115. Ivanow, Sergius. Einiges über das studium der kautschukhaltigen pflanzen und des kautschuks der U.d.S.S.R. Kautschuk 6(11): 237-239. Nov.1930; 6(12):256-258. Dec.1930.

German. Translated title: Notes on the study of rubber-bearing plants and rubber in U.S.S.R.

Includes guayule.

- 116. January tire quota is 357,000; only "essential" vehicles to get consideration; government speeding output of synthetic, guayule, wild rubber. Automotive News 17(2701):1,8. Jan. 5,1942.
- 117. Jardine, W.M. Rubber, a crop with possibilities... Nation's Business 19(1):27-30,110,112,illus. Jan.1931. 286.8 N212 Guayule, p.30,110.

'A large share of the developments in guayule seed selection, germination, production, and mechanical and chemical problems in extraction, have been a chieved by a single commercial company... However, the U.S.Dept.of Agriculture has by ne means been idle. The Department's experimental field of guayule at Shafter, Cal., is making remarkable progress."

- 118. Kalashnikov, V.M. K biologii tsvotoniia Parthenium argentatum Gray.
  Trudy Prikl.Bot., Genet., i Selek. (Bul.Appl.Bot., Genet., and Plant
  Breeding) 24(3):85-98, illus. 1930. 451 R92
  Russian, with English summary. Translated title: A contribution
  to the biology of flowering in Parthenium argentatum Gray.
- 119. Kalashnikov, V.M. Materialy k metodike selektsii gvaiuly (Parthenium argentatum Gray) Trudy Prikl. Pot., Genet., i Selek (Bul. Appl. Bot., Genet., and Plant Breeding) 27(2):489-560, illus. 1931. 451 R92 Bibliographical footnotes.

  Bussian, with English summary. Translated title: A contribution to the methodics of breeding the guayule (Parthenium argentatum

120. Kauffman, Erle. Guayule, the victory rubber. Amer. Forests 48(2): 72-73,84,92, illus. Feb.1942. 99.8 F762
Senate Committee on Military Affairs reports favorably on S.2152, the bill to provide for planting of 45,000 acres of guayule. Similar bill, M.R.6299, is introduced in House. "Guayule cannot be expected to perform the miracle of relieving the present rubber energency. It is a practicable and reasonably efficient but limited source of rubber. It produces a product acceptable to rubber manufacturers and usable without alteration of manufacturing machinery. It can be grown, harvested, and

processed at costs not unreasonably high, but substantially higher than the costs of producing rubber from the Para rubber tree in the American tropics. Its present value lies in the fact that it can be harvested and processed from four to five years after field planting, a considerably shorter cycle than the Para tree."

121 Kavka, B. and Zelnícek, A. Výsledky pokosů s pěstováním kaŭcukodárné rostliny Parthenium argentatum Gray v letech 1932-1935. (Ergebnisse von anbauversuchen der kautschukliefernden pflanze Parthenium argentatum Gray in den jahren 1932-1935). Ceskoslov. Akad. Zeměděl. Vest. 12(6/7): 475-480, illus. June/July 1936. 19.5 C332
"Literatura, "pp. 479-480.

Czech, with German summary. Translated title Results of experiments on the cultivation of the rubber-bearing plant Parthonium argentatum Gray in the years 1932-1935.

- 122. Kieffer, D.L. duayule, our own wartime rubber crop. Pacific Eural Press and Calif. Former 14(7):276. Apr. 5, 1941. 6 P112

  "How about using farm land and farmers instead of crude oil, factories and scarce and expensive industrial labor or foreign plantations to make the rubber we need in order to feel safe?

  ...If the government would subsidize the growers of guayule by guaranteeing them a price of 25¢ per pound...they could dodge the overproduced crops."
- 123. King, A.H. Guayule and industrial preparedness. Metall.and Chem. Engin. 15(10):563-566, illus. Nov.15,1916. 381 E12

  Shows need for home rubber industry in war times and gives description of shrub and processes of extraction. "Since 1912 guayule has been comparatively unimportant. This decline was brought about by internal conditions in Mexico and by wasteful methods of harvesting."

  Abstract in Chem. Abs.11(3):307. Feb.10,1917. 381 Am330
- 124. Kirchhof, F. Die rolle des kautschukkohlenwasserstoffes in der pflanze.

  Kautschuk 12(3):45-48. Far.1936. 305.8 Kl6

  Bibliographical footnotes.

  German. Translated title: The role of rubber hydrocarbon in the plant.
- 125. Kirkwood, J.E. The growing of guayule in relation to the soil.

  Amer.Rev.Trop.Agr.1(5/6):142-158, illus. May/June 1910. 26 R322

  "Literature cited, "p.158.

Experiments with cortical tissue of guayule, p. 47.

"Guayule...grows most abundantly on the foothills or lower slopes of the mountains, where the soil is of limestone origin."

126. Kirkwood, J.E. Guayule rubber industry. Sci. Amer. 101(2):24,26,illus. July 10,1909. 470 Sci. 25

Discusses extraction processes, history of the industry, and supply

"The only hope of proloning the business seems to be in so harvesting the plants that the roots are left in the ground; from these new shoots will arise, and in a few years possibly yield another crop worth the taking. How long this process can be kept up profitably is at present unknown."

127. Kirkwood, J.E. The life history of Parthunium (guagule). Amer.Rev. Trop.Agr.1(7):193-205, illus. July 1910. 26 R322 "Literature cited, "pp.203-204.

128. Kirkwood, J.E. Propagation of guayule by seeds. Amer.Rev.Trop.Agr. 1(2):34-43. Feb.1910; 1(3/4):77-84. Mar./Apr.1910. 26 R322 Bibliographical footnotes.

Describes work done by Dept. of investigations of Continental

Mexican Rubber Co.in state of Zacatecas, Mexico.

"Seeding operations...results were disappointing so far as the feasibility from an economic standpoint was concerned, but the facts discovered will doubtless be of interest to the botanist, the manufacturer, and to those who are attempting to propagate the plant."

Abstract in U.S.Off. Txpt.Stas. Txpt.Sta.Rec.23(6):543-544.

Nov.1910. 1 Ex6R

129. Kokieva, E. Istoriia raziitiia zhonskogo u Parthenium argentatum G. ("guayule"). Jour. Pot. de l'UPSS 17(1):72-99, illus. 1932. 451 R923 Bibliographical footnotes.

"Literatura, "pp.95-97.

Eussian with English sugmary. Translated title: The development

Russian, with English summary. Translated title: The development of the female gametophyte in Parthenium argentatum G. (guayule). Abstract in Bot. Contbl. 166(5/6): 138. Mar. 5, 1934. 450 B65

130. Kokieva, E. Morfologiia i istoriia razvitiia sotsvetii Parthenium argentatum G.(gvaiiuly) i Parthenium hysterophorus L. Moskov.

Obshch.Isp.Prirody, Otd.Fiol.Biul.(Soc.Nat.de Moscou, Sect.Biol.Bul.)

(n.s.)40(3/4):207-236,375-383,illus. 1931. 511 M85

Bibliographical footnotes.

"Literatura, "p.234.
Russian, with English summary. Translated title: Morphology and development of the inflorescences of Parthenium argentatum G. (guayulu) and of Parthenium hysterophorus L.

Abstract in Biol. Abs. 8(3):766. Mar. 1934. 442.8 B526

131. Kolachov, P.J. American rubber from American farms. Natl. Farm Chemurg. Council [Papers] no.124. 14 pp., processed. [Columbus, 0.,1941?] 381 N213P

"Literature cited, "pp.13-14.

Description, rubber content, history, and cultivation of guayule,

pp.10-13.

Abstract(sections on kok-sagyz rubber only)in India Rubber World 105(4):368. Jan.1942. 305.8 In2

132. Kopecny, Josef. Určování kaučuku v našich rostlinách. Ceskoslov. Akad. Zeměděl. Věst. 12(1/2):65-66. 1936. 19.5 C332 Czech. Translated title: The determination of rubber in our plants.

Mainly on guayule.

Abstract in Chem. Zentbl.107(15)pt.1:3227. Apr.8,1936. 384 C42

133. Kozak, N.P. Somennaia produktivnost'i ee kharakteristika u raznykh form guaiuly (Parthenium argentatum Gray) Trudy Prkl. Bot., Genet., i Selek. Ser. A. Sotsialist. Rastenievod. (Pul. Appl. Bot., Genet., and Plant Breeding. Ser. A. Plant Indus. U.S. S.R. Jno. 5/6, pp. 125-135, illus. 1933. 451 R92S

Russian. Translated title: Seed productivity and its characteristics

in different forms of the guayule (P.argentatum)

Abstract in Biol. Abs. 9(4):871. Apr. 1935. 442.8 B526

134. Kuptsov, A.I. Pervye selektsionnye sorta gvaiiuly. Soviet Subtropics no.7, pp.35-43, illus. July 1937. 20 Sul2

Russian with English summary. Translated title: The first selected varieties of guayule.

135. Kusnetsova, M.S. Die kautschuk-ansammlung bei Parthenium argentum(?) im ersten vegetationsjahr. Bot. Centbl. 165(11/12):326. Oct. 12,1933. 450 B65

German. Translated title: Rubber accumulation in Parthenium

argentatum in the first year of vegetation.

Abstract from original appearing in Trudy n.-i.Laborat. Kautschuktrust 4:18-26, illus. 1930. (Not examined.)

136. L., M.P. Le guayule. Nature[Paris]no.2770, pp.296-300, illus. Oct. 1,1927.

Article in French.

Discusses history, wild state, botany, production and location of rubber in the shrub; acclimatization in intensive cultivation and selecting varieties; mechanical cultivation and possibility of cultivation in Morocco (with map).

Reprint in Rev. Gén. Caoutchouc 5(38):33-36. Jan. 1928.

137. Labroy, O. Le caoutchouc de guayule. État présent de l'exploitation du guayule au Mexique - Caractères végétatifs de la plante - Parthenium argentatum et P. incanum - Rendement en caoutchouc - Sociétés d'exploitation - Procédés d'extraction - Chiffres de production et d'exportation - Valeur commerciale du guayule - Culture. Jour. d'Agr. Trop. 8(75):259-265. Sept. 30, 1907. 26 J82 Bibliographical footnotes.

French. Translated title: Guayule rubber. Present state of guayule cultivation in Mexico - Vegetative characteristics of the plant - Parthenium argentatum and P. incanum - Yield in rubber - Manufacturing companies - Extraction processes - Production and export statistics - Commercial value of guayule - Cultivation.

138. Labroy, O. La situation du guayule - Declín de l'industric - Pénurie des matières premières - Essais culturaux: somis et greffage - Opinion d'un horticulteur. Jour.d'Agr.Trop.8(86):232-234. Aug.31,1908. 26 J82

French. Translated title: The guayule situation - The industry's decline - Scarcity of raw materials - Cultivation tests: seedings

and cuttings - Opinion of a horticulturist.

139. Lapin, A.K. Prirodnye resursy SSSR; kauchukonosy i guttaperchenosy SSSR. Priroda 1936(7):110-123. July 1936. 410 P933 "Literatura, "p.123.

Russian. Translated title: Natural resources of U.S.S.R.: rubberbearing and guttapercha-bearing plants of Russia. Guayale, pp.120-121.

- 140. Lebedev, A.N. Agrotekhnika zakladki plaitatsii gvaiiuly. Soviet Subtropics no.2.np 31-40, illus. Feb.1937. 20 Sul2 Russian, with English summary. Translated title. The agrotechnical methods of guayula growing.
- 141. Lebedev, A.N. Gvaiiula v pitomnike. Soviet Subtropics no.2, pp. 26-34, 122, illus. Fcb. 1938. 20 Sul2 "Literatura, "p.34.

Russian, with English summary. Translated title: Agricultural practices of growing guayula seedlings.

Increased rubber and resin yields were obtained by enriching soil with superphosphate containing 180 kg. of PoOs per hectare. Abstract in Chem. Abs. 33(20):8346-8347. Oct. 20, 1939. 381 Am330

Legros, J. Secondary rubber-yielding plants of the Caucasus region 142. Internatl.Rev.Agr.Econ.[Rome]28:468T-481T. and of Central Asia. 241 In82 Dec.1937.

"Publications consulted, "p.481T.

Contents: (1) Secondary group (2) Solidago (3) Guayule, [pp.473T-477T] (4) Fucommia, (5) Tau-saghiz. Part 3 discusses varieties, seed production, yield in rubber, methods of cultivation, diseases and insect pests. .

Reprint in India Rubber Jour.95(10):295-296,298-300. Mar.5,1938;

95(11):322-323. Mar.12,1938. 305.8 In21

Abstract in Chem. Abs. 32(20):8185. Oct. 20, 1938. 381 Am33C; Brit.Chem.Physiol.Abs.B.Appl.Chem., May 1938, p.555. 382 B773

Osservazioni preliminari sul "quaiule" come pianta da caucciù. 143. Leo, A. de Palermo R.Ist.Bot.Lavori 10(Bol.)[78]-91, illus. 1939. 451 P17L Bibliographical footnotes.

.Italian.Translated title: Preliminary observations on guayule as

a rubber plant.

Cultivation tests were carried out with seed of Russian and U.S.origin. Average quantity of rubber received did not exceed 2% for the Russian and 3.75% for the U.S. type, compared with 7-10% yield in U.S.

Abstract in Chem. Abs. 34(20):6973. Oct. 23, 1940. 381 Am33C

- Lloyd, F.E. The guayule a desert rubber plant. Pop.Sci.Monthly 144. 81(4):313-330,illus. Oct.1912. 470 P81 An abridgment of item no.145.
- 145. Lloyd, F.E. Guayule (Parthenium argentatum Gray) a rubber-plant of the Chihuahuan Desert. Carnegie Inst. Wash. Pub. 139. 213pp., illus. Washington, D.C., Carnegie institution of Washington, 1911. 77 1775 Bibliography, pp.211-213. Contents: Chap.1. Historical account; Chap.2. The environment:

Chap. 3. Description of the guayule; Chap. 4. Reproduction; Chap. 5. Anatomy and histology: Chap. 6. The resin-canals in the guayule; Chap. 7. The origin and occurrence of rubber; Chap. 8. Vegetative reproduction; Chap. 9. The cultivation of guayule.

"First discovered by J.N.Bigelow, M.D., in 1852, while attached to the Mexican Boundary Survey, 'near Escondido Creek, Texas'. It was first described by Professor Asa Gray some years later...

1859...

"Public attention was drawn to guayule rubber, apparently for the first time in 1876, by an exhibition sent from Durango to the Centennial Exposition at Philadelphia...In the same year, according to the Mexican herald, the Natural Listory Society of Mexico took up the study of the plant."

Abstract in India Rubber World 45(1):20-21,illus. Oct. 1911. 305.8 In2; Pan Amer.Union Bul.34(2):177-195,illus. Feb.1912. 150.9 M76; Science,n.s.34(883):765-767. Dec.1, 1911[By J.E.Kirkwood] 470 Sci2; Chem.Abs.6(4):501. Feb.20, 1912. 381 Am330

(See item no.144 for abridgment.)

146. Lloyd, F.E. The guayule rubber situation. India Rubber World 41(4): 115-118, illus. Jan. 1910. 305.8 In2
Bibliographical footnotes.

Gives history and description of the plant and describes how the rubber is contained, the factory processes, the extent and future of the industry, and reproduction.

- 147. Lloyd, F.E. Manufacture of rubber from the guayule plant. N.Y.Bot. Gard. Jour. 12(137):96-97. May 1911. 451 NA8J

  Description of nine specimens received at the New York

  Botanical Garden, showing the processes of manufacture.
- 148. Lloyd, F.E. Methods of vegetative reproduction in guayule and mariola.

  Plant World 11(9):201-208, illus. Sept. 1998. 459 P69

  By seedlings and root-shoots("retonyos").
- 149. Lloyd, F.E. The Mexican guayule and its product. Internatl. Rubber Conf. 1st, London, Lectures on India-rubber ... Proc. 1908:126-141. 1909.

Bibliography, p. 140.

Gives botanical description and describes germination, the rootshoots, and the place of the rubber in the plant.

150. Lloyd, F.E. Mode of occurrence of caoutchouc in the guayule,

Perthenium argentatum Gray, and its function. Plant Physiol.
7(1):131-138, illus. Jan.1932. 450 P692

"Literature cited, "p.137.

"The account which I published in 1911(see item no.145) of the mode of occurrence of caoutchouc in guayule... is incorrect...
The purpose of the present paper is to set the matter right, so far as I now understand it. In the guayule, as in some other rubber-bearing plants, the rubber occurs in the parenchyma cells and is thus segregated. In contrast with this condition is that in the so-called latex-bearing rubber plants, such as Hevea... in

which the rubber is a constituent...of a white or colored milky fluid, which is stored in tubes from which, when opened, the fluid flows more or less freely...This general statement may now be extended to the guayule, for...the fluid here is equally a latex confined to individual cells."

Abstract in Biol. Abs. 7(7):1553. Aug./Sept.1933. 442.8 B526

151. Lloyd, F.E. Notes on the acclimatization and cultivation of the guayule (Farthenium argentatum Gray). In International Rubber Cong., 4th, London, 1914. The rubber industry, being the official report of the fourth International rubber congress... [and] the principal papers read at the [3d] Rubber congress, New York [1912], pp. 384-389. London, International rubber and allied trades exhibition, 1td., [1914?]

Paper delivered at New York meeting. Describes experimental plantings in irrigated areas and naturally wet climates, showing that water-supply must be controlled. An abundance of water lessens the rubber content.

Reprint in India Rubber World 48(5):563-566, illus. Aug. 1913. 305.8 In2. Correction in 49(1):20. Oct.1,1913.

- 152. Lloyd, F.E. The propgation of guayule a criticism. India Rubber World 45(4):164-165. Jan.1912. 305.8 In2
  Bibliographical footnotes.
  Gomparison of propagation by seed and by cuttings.
- 153. Lloyd, F.E. The response of the guayule, Farthenium argentatum, to irrigation[abstract]. Science, n.s.31(794):434-435. Mar.18, 1910. 470 Sci2

  Presented at annual meeting of the Botanical Society of America, Dec.27-31,1909, Boston, Mass.

  Study of plants under irrigation at Cedros, Mexico, touching on rate of growth, anatomical changes, and amount of rubber secretion.

  Abstract in U.S.Off. Expt. Stas. Expt. Sta. Rec. 23(2):130. Aug. 1910. 1 Ex6R
- 154. Iloyd, F.E. The rubber and resin content of the desert rubber-plant "guayule"in relation to rainfall. Soc. Chem. Indus. Jour. 33(3): 107-109. Feb.16, 1914. 382 M31

  Bibliographical footnotes.

Presented at meeting of Canadian Section of the Society of Chemical Industry in Montreal, Mar. 28, 1913.

Plants that receive abundant spil-water produce less rubber, but the amount of resin seems unaffected.

Abstract in Chem. Abs. 8(9):1678. May 10,1914. 381 Am330

155. Hoyd, F.E. Some features of the anatomy of guayule (Parthenium argentatum Gray) Plant World 11(8):172-179. Aug.1908. 450 P69
"The purpose of this present writing is to give a summary in English of Dr.Ross! contribution (see item no.216) to our knowledge of the plant...and in addition to record in brief form the views of the writer."

156. London international rubber exhibition, [June 2/-July 14,1911] India Rubber Rev.11(8):405-418, illus. Aug.15,1911.

Description and illustration of the Continental Rubber Company of New York's guayule exhibit, pp.408-409.

157. Ludewig, H.J. Die kautschukkultur in Nexiko. Tropenpflanzer 14(10): 510-521. Oct.1910. 26 T75

Bibliographical footnotes.

German. Translated title: Rubber culture in Mexico.

"A general and statistical account of the rubber industry in Mexico, including outline of propagation experiments with guayule rubber being conducted by E.A.Caffey at the Los Cedros plantation." Abs.U.S.Off.Expt.Stas., Expt.Sta.Rec.24(1):43. Jan. 1911. 1 Ex6R

158. McCallum, W.B. The botany and cultural problems of guayule. Indus. and Engin. Chem. 18(11):1121-1124. Nov. 1926. 381 J825

Paper presented before the Division of Rubber Chemistry, American Chemical Society, at the 72d meeting, Phila., Pa., Sept. 5-11, 1926.

Discusses botanical considerations; characteristics of guayule shrub; rubber content; resin content; cultivation problems; germination of seeds; large-scale production of seedlings; maintenance of high rubber content.

Reprint in Rubber Age 20(3):129-132, illus. Nov.10,1926. 3058 R82 Abstract in Chem. Abs. 20(22):3841. Nov. 20,1926. 381 Am330

159. McCallum, W.B. The cultivation of guayule. India Rubber World 105(1): 33-36. Oct.1941; 105(2):153-156, illus. Nov.1941. 305.8 In2
Includes an historical account, general characteristics, problems of domestication, germination of seeds, production of plants for transplanting, production of high rubber content, problems of guayule growing in the United States.

"When considering the amount of land available in the United States on which guayule will grow well, it does not seem an impossible task, or even an essentially difficult one, to produce within our own borders 25% of our normal rubber needs. This would require, in general terms, 1,000,000 acres of land, 200,000 of which would be harvested and replanted each year... During a period of about ten years there have been established and maintained a series of 53 experimental stations of from one acre to five acres each, extending from southern Texas across to California and up the coast region and the San Joaquin and Sacramento valleys to Red Bluff. These stations...were dispensed with only after the final results from each had been obtained. Thus...it is known fairly accurately just what guayule will do in the various regions. The greatest amount of available land is in southern Texas."

Abstract of material in Oct.issue in Chem. Abs. 35(22):8013.

Nov. 20, 1941. 381 Am330

160. McCallum, W.B. The genetic analysis of guayule (Parthenium argentatum) under cultivation. Carnegie Inst. Wash., Yearbook (1915) 14:98-99. 500 C21

"All attempts at cross-pollination between different varieties have thus far given no results."

161. MacDougal, D.T. Can we grow our own rubber? Guayule, a native American rubber-producing shrub, is being cultivated on a large scale in California. Sci. Amer. 139(1):16-19, illus. July 1928. 470 Sci25 Discusses importance of rubber to U.S., Intercontinental Rubber Company's successful introduction of guayule cultivation and processing of the plant.

> "It is of interest to know that 40,000 farmers and mechanics employed in guayule cultivation could meet the [rubber] need of the United States during the next 10 or 15 years."

See also item no.7, which is a sequel to this article.

162. Macku, Jan. Bude guayule československým kaučukem? Ceskoslov. Zemědělec 16(25):296-297,illus. June 22,1934. 19.5 C33 Czech. Translated title: Will guayule be a Czechoslovakian rubber?

163. Macka, Jan. Kultury Parthenium argentatum A.G. (guayule) v SSSR a . výsledky pokusů v botanické zahradě Masarykovy university v Brně v roce 1936. Casové Otásky Zemedel. Agr. Topics no. 62, pp. 6-9, June 1937. 19.5 C27 Czech.Translated title: Cultivation of Parthenium argentatum

A.G. (guayule) in Russia and resulting tests in the Botanical gardens of Masaryk University, Brno [Czechoslovakia], in 1936.

164. The Madero guayule factories. India Lubber World 39(4):136, illus. Jan.1909. 305.8 In2 Discusses the interests of the Madero brothers in Mexico and gives a picture of their Compania Explotadora Coahuilense . factory at Parras:

165. Makagon, V.N. Kauchukonosy v subtropikakh. Soviet Subtropics no.3, pp. 44-48, illus. Mar. 1935. 20 Sul2 Russian. Translated title: Rubber producing plants in the subtropics. Includes guayule.

166. Maksimov, N.A., Kuz'min, S.P., and Ivanova, V.I. Materialy k fiziologicheskoi kharakteristike guaiuly. Trudy Prikl.Bot., Genet., i Selek. (Bul. Appl.Bot., Genet.and Plant Breeding)24(3):99-145, illus. 1930. 451 · R92 Russian, with English summary. Translated title: Materials for the physiological characteristics of guayule.

167. Mallory, L.D. ... Mexican rubber supplies, a background report from L.D. Mallory, agricultural attache, Economic section, American embassy, Mexico, D.F. Date of completion: December 29,1941. 14pp., processed. [Mexico?D.F.,1941]

Discussion of guayulc exports[and production], pp.6-7; tables giving exports of guayule rubber[quantity and value, by years 1935-

1940, and by months, Sept. 1939-Aug. 1941]p. 14.

.. . 5 -.

168: Manning.P.D.V. Netallurgical methods used in producing[guayule] rubber. Chem. & Metall. Engin. 38(3):131-132, illus. 381 E12 1931.

> Description of agricultural and processing machinery used in growing guayule and producing rubber from it. Shows similarity of machinery to standard ore-treating machinery.

Partially reprinted in Sci. Amer. 147(2):111, illus. 470 Sci25 (Under title "Factory makes home-grown .... rubber, "signed A.E.B[uchanan])

169. Marckwald, E., and Frank, Fr. Ein beitrag zur wertschätzung des guayrule(?)-kautschuks. Gummi Ztg.18(32):650-652. May 6. · 1904. 305.8 G95

Bibliographical footnotes.

German. Translated title: A contribution on the value of guayulerubber.

Gives uses to which guayule rubber has been put by German manufacturers.

170. Martinez, Maximino. ... I guayule... 35pp., illus. D.F., Lex., Imprenta de la Direccion de estudios geograficos y climatologicos, 1926. 78 M36

> Bibliografia, pp. 33-34. Article in Spanish.

History, description, geographic distribution, soils and climates where it is produced; its enemies, how guayule is developed, production, propagation.

Abstract in Biol. Abs. 1(7/8):1176. Nov. / Dec. 1927. 442.8 B526

171. Martinez, Maximino. Los recursos forestales en las regiones del secano de México; informe sintético del viaje de exploración · que hizo el Sr. Prof Maximino Martinez; acompañado a la Comisión Rusa en su expedición por el norte del país... Nex. Forest 4(1/2): Jan./Feb.1926. 99.8 N57 1-10.illus.

> Spanish. Translated title: Forestal resources in the desert regions of Lexico; report on the exploratory trip that Prof. Mzximino Martinez made, accompanying the Russian Commission on its expedition through the northern part of the country. Guayule discussed, p.10; illustrated, pp.3,6-9.

172. Mashtakov, S.M. Gvaiiuly... Kauchuk i Rezina no. 9, pp. 36-40. Sept. 1939.

Literatura, p.40.

Russian. Translated title: Guayule.

Vicosimetric characteristics of rubber and physical-chemical constants of the resin of different forms and sorts of guayule (translated subtitle).

Abstract in Chem. Abs. 34(5):1514. Mar. 10, 1940. 381 Am33C: Chem.Zentbl.111(11):1760. War.13,1940. 384 C42

173. The Mexican guayule; interest revives in this rubber producing plant of the prairies... Amer. Chamber of Com. of Mex. Jour. 5(38):3-6. Apr. 1923.

"Torreon, Gomez Palacio, Saltillo, Viesca and Cuatro Cienegas the principal centers of guayule production; how the plant is gathered and the rubber produced; its principal uses; the industry promises large profits; government encouragement is needed and is suggested."

174. The Lexican gusyule; the cultivation of this shrub rubber in Mexico continues with government encouragement... Amer. Chamber of Com. of Mex. Jour. 6(50):[8]-11. Apr. 1924.

"How the guayule grows on the plains of Nexico and is milled for the market; the cost of production and the price; machinery being used to plant and gather the shrub; report of the U.S. Department of Commerce upon the industry."

175. Mexican substitute for rubber. India Rubber World 22(4):286. July 1900. 305.8 In2

Rubber factory being established at San Luis Potosi, Mexico, apparently based on Prampolini patent. "This composition is a substitute for India-rubber, and consists of gummy matter of the shrub called Synantheroeas Mexicanas by botanists, and by the Indians, 'yule', copalin', and 'jiguhite'."

(See item no.107 for identification of substitute as guayule.)

- 176. Wikhailov, N.M. Gvaiiula v raionakh sukhikh subtropikov Srednei Azii.
  Soviet Subtropics no.10, pp.55-61. Oct.1935. 20 Sul2
  "Literatura, "p.61.
  Russian. Translated title: Guayule in the arid subtropical regions of Central Asia.
- 177. Minderman, Earl. Guayule as domestic rubber source. Prog. Farmer (Tex.Ed.)57(2):39, illus. Feb.1942. 6 T311

  "One company, greatly interested in guayule, has spent more than a million dollars in an attempt to raise it scientifically on plantations in Colifornia, but its cost has remained too high over 20 cents a pound to compete with imported rubber. Still, encouraging progress has been made."
- 178. Morpurgo, Giulio. Los succedaneos de la goma elastica y el guayule de Mexico. (Monografía publicada con motivo de la inauguración del primer muestrario de productos de México en Trieste, 1908)...

  Tr.por el profesor Mario Calvino. llpp. Lexico, Impr. y fototipia de la Secretaria de fomento, 1910. 77 M823

  Eibliographical footnotes.

Spanish. Translated title: Rubber substitutes and the guayule of Mexico. (Monograph published on the occasion of the inauguration of the first exhibit of Mexican products in Trieste, 1908)...Tr. by Prof. Mario Calvino.

Original article appears in Italian in Bollettino Chimico Farmaccutico 47:327-333. [date?] (Not examined.)

179. Moshkina, M.C. Strukturnye osobennosti gvaiuly kak kauchukonosa.

Akad.Nauk.S.S.S.R.Izv., Scr.Biol. (Acad.des Sci.U.R.S.S.Bul.,

Ser.Biol.) no.4, pp.614-620, illus. 1940. 511 Sa2B

"Literatura, "p.619.

Russian, with English summary. Translated title: Structural

peculiarities of the rubber plant guayule.

Abstract in Chem. Abs. 35(9): 2931. May 10,1941. 381 Am 330

- 180. Miller, Max. [Guayule rubber industry of Mexico.] Kew Roy. Pot. Gard. Bul. Misc. Inform. no. 7, pp. 286-289. 1907. 451 K51B

  Tells of discovery of plant, processes of extraction and patents, qualities of the rubber compared with hevea.

  Reprinted, with slight omissions, in [Gt. Prit.] Bd. Trade Jour. 56(539):632-634. Mar. 28, 1907. 256.03 T67J; India Rubber Jour. (n.s.) 33(9):496. May 6, 1907. 305.8 In21
- 181. Nebovidsky, Henry. Le problème de la culture des plantes à caoutchouc vu sous le jour des expériences acquises en U.E.S.S. Cong. Internatl. Tech. et Chim. des Indus. Agr., 5th, Shéveningue, 1937. Compt. Rend. 3:84-90. 1938. 388 C765

  French. Translated title: The problem of cultivation of rubber plants seen in the light of experiences acquired in the U.S.S.R. Guayule, pp. 27-28.

  Abstract in Chem. Zentbl. 111, pt. 1(7): 1113. Feb. 14, 1940. 384 C42
- 182. New guayule factory opened at Falinas[Calif.] Rubber Age 28(10) \$508, illus. Feb.25,1931. 305.8 R82

  Plant opened by Intercontinental Rubber Company's subsidiary, American Rubber Producers, Inc., on Feb.6,1931. "First time...that cultivated guayule has been harvested and milled on any commercial scale."
- 183. New guayule rubber process. India Rubber World 32(3):304. June
  1905. 305.8 In2
  Compañia Explotadora de Hulé formed in Mexico, to use Delafond
  extraction process. Article describes latter and also the process
  patented by Max Marx in England.

The new Mexican rubber. India Rubber World 24(3):264.

184.

Quotations from report by U.S.consul at Matamoras, Mex.,
P.Merill Griffith, on the plant known locally as "hule, "and called
"Synantheroeas Mexicanas" in the Prampolini patent for rubber
extraction. "This plant has not yet been identified botanically
by any of the India Rubber World's correspondents... The plant...
no doubt is the same which Mr. John H. Cheever, of the New York
Belting and Packing Co., experimented with some twelve years ago."
(See iten no.107 for identification of plant as guayule.)

June

185. A new substitute for rubber. Sci. Amer. 82(20):309-310. May 19, 1900. 470 Sci.25

"A shrub growing in central Maxico, and known to the Indians by a variety of names of which yule is one... It does not belong to the plants which yield milky juices, being a comparatively hard wood and growing as a small scrubby bush, but there is found within its bark and wood a large amount of gummy matter... The botanical name of this shrub is Synathereoeas - Mexicanas."

Article describes the method of extraction.

(See items no.38 and 107 for identification of shrub as guayule.)

- 186. Nikolaev, V.[F.] Kul'tura kauchukonosnykh rastenił na Chernomorskom poberezh'e. [Leningrad]Gosud.Inst.Opytn.Agron.Izv.(State Inst. Expt.Agron.Annals)5(6):469-471. Nov./Dec.1927. 106 R923 Russian.Translated title:Cultivation of the rubber-bearing plants on the Black Sea shore.

  . Includes guayule.

  Abstract in U.S.Off.Expt.Stas.Expt.Sta.Rec.60(5):444. Apr. 1929. 1 Ex6R
- 187. Nikolaev, V.F. K morfologii i sistematike kauchukonosnogo rasteniia guaiuly. Trudy Prikl.Bot., Genet., i Selek. (Bul.Appl.Bot., Genet., and Plant Breeding) 22(4):209-276, illus. 1929. 451 R92
  Russian, with English summary. Translated title: The morphology and classification of the guayule plant.

  Abstract in Bot. Centbl. 160(15):478. June 18,1931. 450 B65; Biol.Abs.7(7):1704. Aug./Sept.1933. 442.8 B526
- 188. Nikolaev, V.F. ... The singling out of botanical forms and selection in the rubber plant, guayule (Parthenium argentatum Gray)

  Vsesoiuzn.Siezd Genet., Selek., Semen. i Plemenn. Zhivotn. Trudy

  (U.S.C.R. Cong. Genet., Plant & Anim. Breeding Proc.) (1930) 4:243
  250. 442.9 V96

  Russian (Russian title, preceding English, omitted.)
- 189. Notes on sundry subjects. Prospects for guayule rubber. India Rubber Jour., (n.s.)33(4):183. Feb.25,1907. 305.8 In21

  Compania Explotodora de Caucho Rexicana has improved guayule, overcoming large percentage of resin and ash, presence of other impurities, and its intense smell.
- 190. Olsson-Seffer, Pehr. Rubber planting in Mexico and Central America.

  Etraits Settlements.Bot.Gard.Agr.Bul.of the Straits and Fed.

  Malay States(n.s.)6(1):1-31. Jan.1907. 22.5 St8

  Guayule rubber, pp.29-31.

"As for the fear of guayule filling the market to the exclusion of crude rubber...such an idea is hardly worth refuting...The quality...is very inferior, the rubber being very sticky and rapidly deteriorating. The market value is very low in comparison with...first class rubber...As a special product, the guayule has a market of its own."

- 191. The one region where wild guayule is found. Rubber Age 20(3):126, map. Nov.10,1926. 305.8 R82

  Gives names and locations of producin; companies as shown on map.
- 192. O'Neil backs guayule. Tire Rev.41(11):42. Nov.1941. 305.8 In23
  William O'Neil, president of General Tire and Rubber Co., is
  urging congressional action to underwrite guayule in the Southwest.Information from California has convinced him that in two
  years there can be suffficient production for the country.
  Guayule can be processed without change of machinery. Recent
  yield has been stated as high as 2,850 pounds per acre, with a
  cost of 15-19 cents a pound.
- 193. O'Neil, William. Guayule "rubbor" as an emergency crop; suggested provision in the U.S.A.for "time of war". India Rubber Jour. 69(10):378. Mar.7,1925. 305.8 In21
  Editor's comment, p.369.
- 194. Ordynskii, M.S. Uzlovye voprosy mekhanizatsii kauchukonosnykh kultur.

  Mechanisierung der Sozialistischen Landw.no.5, pp.16-24. May
  1932; no.8,pp.14-18,illus. Aug.1932. 58.8 M46

  Russian. Translated title: Basic problems of mechanization of rubber farming.

  May issue mostly on tau-sagyza, with slight mention of guayule.

  August issue mainly on guayule.
- 195. Our rubber problem; what rubber resources remain open to us; what has the RFC done to build up rubber stocks; what can be done to stretch our rubber supply? U.S.Bur.Foreign and Dom.Com.Foreign Com.Weekly 6(3):7,33-34. Jan.17,1942. 157.54 F763

  One paragraph on guayule
- 196. Parducci, Mario. Il problema della gomma elastica; le piante secondarie. Ingegnere 11(11):504-516, illus. Nov.1937; 13(i.e.12)(1):2-7.

  Jan.1938.

Bibliografia, p.7.

Italian. Translated title: The rubber problem; the secondary plants. Guayule, pp. 506-511.

Abstract in Engin.Index, 1938, p.1059. 290.8 En32Ib

- 197. Parker, W.E. The present status of gusyule. India Mubber World 45(4):165-166, illus. Jan. 1912. 305.8 In2
  Discusses regrowth of the shrub and future yields.
- 198. Patoni, Carlos. Algunos datos sobre el guayule...urgencia de su cultivo. Alianza dient. Univ. Com. Region. del Estado de Durango [Mex.]Bol.3(5):193-209. Oct.31,1912. 516 A14

  Spanish. Translated title: Come information on guayule...need for its cultivation.

Discusses its name and history, rubber yield, need for cultivation, which type of cultivation suits guayule.

199. Patoni, Carlos. ... Il guayule (Parthenium argentatum A. Gray); estudio del Ing. Carlos Patoni. 70pp., illus. Mexico, Departamento de telleres graficos de la Secretaría de fomento, 1916. 78 P27

Article in Spanish.

Describes plant, discusses its history, geographic distribution, quantity of rubber, harv sting, extraction, reproduction, cultivation,

and irrigation.

200. Pearson, H.C. A journey through guayule land. India Rubber World 35(6):173-177, illus. Mar. 1907; 36(1):205-210, illus. Apr. 1907. 305.8 In2

Describes discovery and development, botany, where it grows, the available supply, reproduction and cultivation, extraction, the patent question, guayule in the rubber factory. Gives the trip in detail: Lexico reached, guayule factories at Saltillo, Parras and the Maderos, the industry at Torreon, and the visit to Gomez Palacio.

Abstract in U.S. Off. Expt.Stas.Expt.Sta.Rec.19(7):653. Mar. 1908. 1 Ex6R

201. Pearson; H.C. Production of guayule rubber. U.S. Lur. Foreign and Dom. Com. Com. Rpts.no. 149, pp. 1172-1184. June 26,1918. 157.7 C76D Eibliographical footnotes.

Describes Parthenium argentatum, P. incanum, and P. Lloydii, discusses development of the extraction process, origin of the name, rubber content, habitat and parasitic enemies, gathering and transporting, price of shrub and cost of extracted rubber, supply of the shrub, regrowth in wild areas, processes for extracting, characteristics of the rubber, prices, statistics of production, and cultivation.

Reprint in Mex.Rev.2(10/11)32-34,41-43,illua. July/Aug.1918; 2(12/13):31-32,illus. Sept./Oct.1918. (Vith some additional material on cultivation.) Reprint, except last two paragraphs, in Mex. Com. and Indus. 12(8):9-15. Aug. 1930. 287 Am3Mj... Partially reprinted in India Rubber World 58(4):579-581, illus., with editor's comment, p. 577. July 1918. 305.8 In2; Internat1. Pan Amer. Union Bul. 47(1):88-95, illus. July 1918. 150.9 M76; India Rubber Jour. 57(4):164. Jan. 25, 1919. 305.8 In21. More fully reprinted in India Rubber World. 59(5):244-246. Feb.1919; 59(6):289-291,illus. Mar.1919; 60(1):347-348,illus. Apr. 1919. 305.8 In2. Abstract in Chem. Hbs. 13(7):800. Apr.10, 1919. 381 Am33C

202. Pincus, J.W. The USSR grows its own rubber; the Soviet Union is taking vigorous measures to find substitutes for one of its few deficit raw materials. For oviet Russia Today 10(2):14-15,34,illus. June 19/1.

Two new and improved varieties of guayule developed: Parthenium latifolium and P. augustofolium.

Reprint in Rubber Age 49(3):179-181, illus. June 1941. 305.8 R82

.203. A pioneer in the guayule field. India Rubber World 36(6):372,illus. Sept.1907. 305.8 In2

Biographical sketch of Felix Hermann Hunicke, retired U.S. naval officer, who stumbled onto guayule in Mexico, devised a crude extraction process, later developing the large Continental-Mexican Rubber Co.

- 204. Pisarav, V.E. Selektsiia i priemy kul'tury guaiuly. Trudy Prikl. Bot., Genet., i Selek. (Pul. Appl. Bot., Genet., and Plant Breeding) 24(3):3-84,illus. 1930. 451 R92 "Literatura, "pp.80-82. Russian, with English summary. Translated title: Breeding and methods of cultivation of the guayulc. Abstract in Fiol. Abs. 11(6):1555. June/July 1937. 442.8 B526
- 205. Pisarev, V. [E.] Ueber die methodik der züchtung der kautschuklisfernden pflanze "guayule". Ztschr.f.Zücht.Reihe A,Pflanzenzüchtung 17(4):583-621,illus. July 1932. 450 Z36 "Literatur, "pp.618-621. German. Translated title: Method of cultivating the rubber-bearing

plant "quayule"[in Russia].

Abstract in Biol. Abs. 8(1):190. Jan. 1934. 442.8 B526

206. Pisarev, V.E. Voprosy selektsii guaiuly v Soiuze SSR. Subtropics 2(3/4):33-50. Nar./Apr.1930. 20 Sul Russian, with English summary. Translated title: The problem of guayule broeding in USSR.

Describes experiments in the dry subtropical regions of Fussia -

Turkomania and Azərbaijan. 207. Polhamus, L.G. ... Guayulo as an omergency source of crude rubber. 4pp., processed. [Washington, U.S. Burdau of plant industry, 1941]

Guayule cultivation has been proved possible, and only economic considerations have prevented its development on a commercial scale in the United States ... For long-term supplies, at costs which are competitive with those for rubber produced anywhere in the world, the Department of Agriculture believes that the development of Heve'a rubber culture in tropical America is the answer."

Reprint in U.S. Congress. Senate. Committee on military affairs. Strategic and critical materials [quayule rubber] Hearing... (See item no.268)

- 208. Potentialities of guayule rubber from Mexico. U.S.Bur.Foreign and Dom. Com. Rubber News Letter 14(17):162-164. Sept. 15,1940. Table and text, giving statistics on Mexican production, 1905 to date, and possibilities of exhaustive exploitation of present wild guayule stand in Mexico.
- 209. Process of guayule extraction. Internatl. Bur. Amer. Republics Bul. 27(2):394-395. Aug.1908. 150.9 M76 Information furnished to U.S. consul at Matamoras, Mex., Clarence A. Willer, by a chemist of Monterey.

210. The propagation of guayule. India Rubber World 45(2):70-71. Nov. 1911. 305.8 In2

Describes experiments at Central Agricultural Station, San Jacinto, Mexico, in propagating guayule by cuttings. This is claimed much more certain than by seeds.

211. Reeves, Raymond. Rubber from American lettuce fields; a promising source of supply. U.S.Bur. Foreign and Dom. Com. Dom. Com. 29(2): 12-14. Jan. 8,1942. 157.54 D713

"Here is a timely story of how American ingenuity and persistence is developing a domestic source of rubber. In the modern sense, the development is new. Long before Cortez entered Mexico, however, natives were producing gaming balls from rubber which they chewed from guayule."

- 212. Reko, V.A. Guayule, der mexikanische kautschukbaum. Pharm. Post. 70(29): 332-339. July 17,1937. 396.8 P493

  German. Translated title: Guayule, the Mexican rubber tree.

  Gives description, range, including list of 8 existing species of Parthenium in Mexico, cultivation, manufacture of the rubber, guayule industry in Mexico, including a list of the guayule plantations.
- 213. Ringle, Ruth. Rubber from western weeds. Survey Graphic 31(2): . 74-78, illus. Feb.1942. 280.8 C37G

  "The story of guayula, a tough desert shrub adapted to American soil and climate. Authorities say it can meet our rubber needs in a few years and that guayule rubber is cheaper than synthetic rubber."
- 214. Roldan, Angel. Nuevos datos acerca del cultivo del guajule (Parthenium argentatum) en Tehuacán, Fuebla. Mex. Forest. 5(1/2):12-14, illus. Jan./Feb. 1927. 99.8 M57

  Spanish. Translated title: Recent information in regard to the

Spanish. Translated title: Recent information in regard to the cultivation of guayule (Parthenium argentatum) in Tehuacán, Puebla [Mexico]

Abstract in Fiol. Abs. 2(1/2):261. Jan. /Feb. 1928. 442.8 F526

215. Romagnoli, Mario. Sull'opportunità di riprendere ed estendere la sperimentazione sul guayule nelle nostre colonie. Agr. Colon. [Italy]29(6/7):330-353. June/July 1935. 26 Ag82
Bibliografia,pp.352-353.

Italian. Translated title: Opportunity to resume and extend the experiments on guayule in our [Italian] colonies.

Content, especially resin, of plants cultivated in Eritrea, with complete culture data.

Abstract in Chem. Abs. 29(20):7120. Oct. 20,1935. 381 Am33C

216. Ross, H. Der anatomische bau der mexikanischen kautschukpflanze "guayule, "Parthenium argentatum Gray. Deut.Bot.Gesell.Bor. 26a(3):248-263, illus. Apr. 23, 1908. 451 D48
Bibliographical footnotes.

German. Translated title: The anatomical structure of the Mexican

rubber plant "guayule".

Summary in English by Alfred Dominikus in India Rubber World

38(5):365. Aug.1908. 305.8 In2

(See also item no.155)

- 217. Rubber grown commercially in the United States; guayule production in Texas. India Rubber World 73(1):7, illus. Oct.1925. 305.8 In2
  Bibliographical footnotes.
  "The only place in the United States where rubber is produced commercially, is at Marathon, Texas, located...north of the big bend of the Rio Grande...Factory of the Border Rubber Co."
- 218. Rubber on bushes; experiments with guayule in California prompt drive for federal aid for strategic crop. Business Week no. 579, pp. 44-45, illus. Oct. 5,1940. 280.8 Sy8

  Rep. Anderson makes plea to National Defense Advisory Commission.
- 219. Rubber shrub. Newsweek 17(10):48-49, illus. Mar.10,1941. 280.8 Ne
  "Navy Department at its Mare Island laboratory near
  San Francisco...investigating the possibilities of guayule...as
  a source of this essential raw material [rubber]."
- 220. Rusby, H.H. The rubber plants of Mexico. Torreya 9(9):177-184, illus. Sept.1909. 450 T63

  Abstract of a lecture before the Torrey Club, Feb. 9, 1909.

  Discusses three rubber producers: Castilla elastica, guayule, and euphorbia elastica.
- 221. Russell, M.W. Le guayule (Parthenium argentatum Gray) Rev.de Bot. Appl. et d'Agr. Colon. 8(82):445-447. June 1928; Addenda in 8(86):724. Oct. 1928. 26 R323
  Bibliografic, p. 447. Article in French.
  Description, habitat, history, and cultivation.
- 222. San Millán, J.M. La importancia del guayulo para la producción de goma. Hacienda 22(11):332-333, illus. Nov.1927. 6 Hll Spanish. Translated title: The importance of guayule for production of rubber.

  Description of plant, where grown, and comparison of the rubber product with that from Hevea.
- 223. Saucedo, Vicente. Posibilidades de la industria hulera y guayulera en Mexico. Mex.Forest 7(1):8-13. Jan.1929. 99.8 M57

  Spanish.Translated title:Possibilities of the rubber and guayule industry in Mexico.

  It would be possible to produce at least 50,000 tons of guayule

rubber in the northern states.
Abstract in Biol.Abs.3(9/11):2007-2008. Cept./Nov.

1929. 442.8 B526

224. Sauchelli, Vincent. Guayule rubber a home industry; recent findings by Dr.D. Spence show that guayule rubber is a colloidal suspension in the plant juices like latex of the Hevea tree - important developments follow. India Rubber World 78(3):55-56, illus.

June 1928. 305.8 In2

Includes discussion of Dr.W.B.McCallum's work on propagation - machinery developed for all phases of the guayule industry.

(See also item #236)

225. Sauchelli, Vincent. Machine grown rubber in the United States rubber growing by American farmers - plant-breeding and mechanical
efficiency - America's answer to cheap coolie labor. India
Rubber World 75(2):67-69, illus. Nov.1926. 305.8 In2
"New varieties have been developed which are better yielders,

"New varieties have been developed which are better yielders, which will be planted out, cultivated, and harvested by machinery. The areas capable of being utilized [are] in all parts of the

cotton belt and even in other sections of the South.

"Three outstanding problems were solved:(1) The plant was made to reproduce by seed in a practical way on a large scale;(2) it was made to secrete sufficient rubber under conditions of forced growth; and(3) the successful transplanting to the field, under control from nurseries."

Partially reprinted in Nex.Com.and Indus.9(1):9-11. Jan. 1927. 287 Am3Nj

- 226. Schidrowitz, Philip. Guayule in the past. India Rubber Jour.102(22): 3-4. Nov.29,1941. 305.8 In2l
  Review of 1910 boom year:position in 1910, occurrence and harvesting, preparation of rubber, how the future was regarded in the past, and capitol investment.
- 227. Schmid, L. and Stöhr, R. Ueber des sterin aus Parthenium argentatum. Deut. Chem. Gesell. Ber. 59(7):1408-1410. July 7,1926. 384 F45 German. Translated title: Stearin from Parthenium argentatum [guayule]. Includes description of the experiments.
- 228. Schoffelmayer, Victor. Juayule called emergency crop in winter garden.

  Dallas Morning News, Dec. 29, 1941, (pt. 2)p. 3.

  Experts have impressed upon Congress that guayule is best bet.

  Though California would take the lead in growing this rubber substitute, Texas, New Mexico, and Prizona would also grow it.

  In Texas, frewster, Presidio, and Pecos counties should be good localities. Illustrations of machinery used in harvesting. Gross returns, 175 per acre with rubber at 23 cents a pound. Measure
- 229. Sorgès, Felice. Sul "guayule"; ricerche ed osservazioni su piante di Parthenium argentatum acclimatate nel R. Giardino Coloniale.
  Palermo R. Giard. Colon. Bol. 8, pt. 2(2): 45-54. 1925. 451 P172
  Bibliografia, p. [54].
  Italian. Translated title: Guayule; research and observations on

before Congress provides for planting 45,000 acres.

the plants, Parthenium argentatum, acclimatized in the Royal

Colonial Garden (Palermo, Italy).

Gives history, dimensions of the various parts of the plant, analysis of the plant, rutber and resin content, and discussion of guayule resin.

- 230. Spence, David. [Address before American Chemical Society, Los Angeles, 1930] [Abstract] Science(n.s.)72(1872):sup.xii,xiv. Nov.14, 1930. 470 Sci2

  Abstract also appears in Sci. News Letter 18(501):318. Nov.15, 1930. 470 Sci24
- 231. Spence, D[avid]. The bacterial decomposition of the rubber in the latex of hevea in relation to the question of the function of the rubber in the living plant...and address delivered in Manchester before a joint meeting of the Society of Chemical Industry and the Institution of the Rubber Industry on July 24,1935. Res.Assoc. Brit.Rubber Mfrs.Inform.Bur.Jour.4(8):87-91. Aug.1935.

  "A monthly record was...maintained over a period of years of

"A monthly record was...maintained over a period of years of the changes occurring in the total rubber in these[guayule]plants ...The results of this work[show that]notwithstanding the diversified methods of investigation employed, every one of our tests demonstrated that the rubber was actually used by the guayule plant to a greater or less extent to meet its requirements in its response to the stimulus of new growth."

Abstract in Soc.Chem.Indus.Jour.Chem.and Indus.54(34):766. Aug.23,1935. 382 M31C; Chem.Abs.30(1):323. Jan.10, 1936. 381 Am33C

232. Spence, David. The chemistry of guayule. Indus.and Engin. Chem. 18(11): 1126-1128. Nov. 1926. 381 J825

Faper presented before the Division of Rubber Chemistry, American Chemical Society, at the 72d meeting, Phila., Pa., Sept. 5-11,1926.

Discusses rubber content of guayule shrub, separation of rubber from shrub, shrub deterioration in storage, experiments on shrub preservation and stabilization, and the status of the guayule rubber industry.

Reprint in Pubber Age 20(3):133-135,illus. Nov.10,1926.

Abstract in India Rubber and Tire Rev.26(9):34-35,39-40. Sept. 1026. 305.8 In23; Chem.Abs.20(22):3841-3842. Nov.20, 1926. 381 Am33C

233. Spence, D[avid] Cultivation and preparation of rubber in the United States. Indus. and Engin. Chem. 22(4):384-387, illus. Apr. 1930. 381 J825

Address before California section of American Chemical

Society, San Francisco, Calif., Dec. 13, 1929.

MA solution of the important problem of finding a source of rubber in this country has been undertaken in California[by the Intercontinental Rubber Co.]in the cultivation and extraction of rubber from the Mexican guayule plant. This undertaking was begun about eighteen years ago and the experimentation has now reached the stage where a factory for the commercial extraction

of the rubber from this plant is in sight. The problem of rubber cultivation in the United States has been studied from various angles - botanical, chemical, agricultural, mechanical, and economic - and a brief outline of what has been accomplished along these lines is given."

Partially reprinted in India Rubber Jour.79(18):636,638. May 3,1930. 305.8 In21. Abstract in Soc.Chem.Indus.Jour.Brit. Chem.Abs.B, June 13,1930, p.520. 382 M31; Biol.Abs.5(11):2904. Nov.1931. 442.8 B526; Chem.Abs.24(11):2914. June 10,

1930. 381 Am33c

234. Spence, D[avid] and Caldwell, M.L. Determination of rubber in rubber-bearing plants. Indus.and Engin. Chem. Analyt. Ed. 5(6):371-375.

Nov. 15, 1933. 381 J825A

"Literature cited, "p.375.

"The work...was undertaken as an essential step towards the solution of some of the complex problems in the production of rubber from the guayule shrub...The authors method, while primarily developed for the analysis of guayule, has been applied with success to the investigation of other rubber-producing plants."

Partially reprinted in India Pubber World 90(1):45-46. Apr. 1934. 305.8 In2. Abstract in Chem.Abs.28(1):365-366. Jan. 10,1934. 381 Am330

235. Spence, D[avid] and McCallum, W.J(B?) The function of the rubber hydrocarbon in the living plant. Inst. Rubber Indus. Trans. 11(1):119-134, illus. June 1935. 305.9 In7

"The experimental study...of this report was undertaken on guayule plants...[and]carried out in the laboratories of the American Rubber Producers at Salinas and at the Chemistry Department of Stanford University."

Abstract in Ohem. Abs. 29(22):8393-8394. Nov. 20, 1935. 381 Am330

236. Spence, David. Recent scientific advances in connection with guayule; further research has established the important fact that the rubber in guayule shrub does not exist in the cells in form in which it is recovered, but as a colloidal suspension in the plant juice. Rubber age 23(3):133-134, illus. May 10,1928. 305.8 R82 "Comprises the greater part of a paper read before a meeting of the N.Y. group, Rubber Division, American Chemical Society, Apr. 25, 1928."

Abstract in Chem. Abs. 22(13): 2492-2493. July 10,1928. 381 m330 (See also item no. 224)

237. Spence, D[avid] and Boone, C.E. Some vulcenization tests of guayule rubber. [U.S.] Natl. Bur. Standards Technol. Paper no. 353. Spp. Washington, 1927. 157.88 T22, v. 22

"This paper gives the results of some physical tests of guayule rubber grown in both Mexico and California. The samples of guayule rubber were obtained from shrub which had been harvested and treated, the rubber being forwarded to the Bureau of Standards. Figures are given slowing the properties of different types of guayule rubber and several compounds made with standard plantation

cropes.

"Tests were made using 'pure gum', zine oxide, and gas-black formulas and also in formulas where one-half the guayule rubber was replaced with plantation crêpe. Some data are given on the aging properties of compounds based on eight months' exposure to the weather protected from sunlight.

The results indicate, that properly prepared, guayule rubber

will compare favorably with plantation Hevea rubber."

Partially reprinted under title "Guayule rubber has commercial utility comparable with plantation crepe, "in India Rubber and Tire Rev. 27(11):26,46. Nov. 1927. 305.8 In23. Abstract in Rubber Age 22(3):169. Nov. 10,1927. 305.8 R82; Soc. Chem. Indus. Jour. Brit. Chem. Abs. B, Apr. 13, 1928, p. 276. 382 M31; Chem. Abs. 22(2):333. Jan. 20, 1928. 381 Am330

238. Studi ed esperienzo sulla coltura delle pianto da gomma elastica in Sicilia. Palermo R.Orto Bot.Bol.5(3/4):132-137. Dec.31, 1906. 451 P17

Italian. Translated title: Studies and experiments in the cultivation of india-rubber plants in Sicily.

Part I.Il "guayule" (Parthonium argentatum, A. Gray), pp. 132-135.

239. Swett, C.E. Extractives from guayule (Parthenium argentatum) Jour.
Indus.and Engin.Chem.1(5):315-316. Nay 1909. 381 J825

"It is undoubtedly the presence of a large quantity of resinous matter associated with the rubber that enables the extractives to collect together as the wood is ground under water...Is there not a hint in this for the collection of the rubber contents of the milkweed?"

Abstract in Chem. Abs. 3(24):3012. Dec. 20, 1909. 381 Am330

240. Tavernetti, A.A. Monterey County experiments with rubber plant. Calif. Cult. 67(16):420. Oct. 16,1926. 6 Cl2

"After many years a strain of the guayule has been perfected which will grow and produce rubber profitably on certain soils in the coastal valleys of California. One of the first commercial acreages to be planted in California has been made by the Rubber Exploration o.near Salinas, where several hundred acres of guayule are now growing."

241. Taylor, F.J. Uncle Sam's rubber farmer; through Dr. William B. McCallum's work, 40,000 farmers, each with 100 acres of guayule, could make us independent of foreign rubber sources. Country Jent.111(6): 16,57-58, illus. June 1941. 6 CS33

Describes his work with the Intercontinental Rubber Company. "In improved varieties now undergoing selection, the rubber content runs up to 25 per cent."

242. Terry, H.L. India rubber and its manufacture. 287pp., illus. London, Archibald Constable & Co., ltd., 1907. 305 T27

Guayula, pp. 55-56 of chapter on production of raw india-rubber. Includes an analysis by the author of a sample of the rubber.

243. Thone, F. Guayula rubber. Science 95(2456): sup.p.9. Jan.23, 1942. 470 Sci2

Describes advantage of resin containing guayule, over resinfree synthetic rubber, for processing in machinery made for heves rubber which has about 5 per cent resin.

244. [Thornber, J.J.] Work with guayule. Ariz.Agr.Expt.Sta.Ann.Rpt. (1911/12)23:673-674. 1912. 100 Ar4

300 rooted plants set out in March 1911, and irrigated, showed encouraging growth until eaten back by jackrabbits. A second lot, seedlings made fair growth.

Abstract in U.S.Off.Expt.Stas.Expt.Sta.Rec.29(5):443. Oct.

1913. 1 Ex6R

245. Tower, Reginald. Guayule rubber. Kew Roy. Rot. Gard. Bul. Misc. Inform. no.6, pp.255-256. 1908. 451 K51B

Dispatch from H.M.Minister to Mexico to the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs. Quotes an American expert who claims that only about 400,000 tons of guayule are in existence, either standing in the soil, at the plants, or in transit. Because of the slow-growing habits of the shrub, it is predicted the industry will go into decay.

246. Treadwell, J.C. Guayule rubber from Texas; factory at Marathon has taken full advantage of only guayule district on American side of the Rio Grande. Rubber Age 20(3):139-140,illus. Nov.10, 1926. 305.8 R32

Border Rubber Co. plant was built in 1907, operated until 1916, remained dormant until 1925, rehabilitated and operated continuously until September 1925, when operations were suspended pending recovery in price and demand for the product. Includes description of plant operations.

247. U.S.Department of agriculture.Office of information. ...Federal scientists speed rubber plant experiments. U.S.Dept.Agr.Off. Inform.for the Press, Sept.10,1934. 5pp., processed. [Washington,1934]

"Experiments by the U.S.Department of Agriculture...have singled out as the most promising sources for domestic rubber:

goldenrod, guayule ... and hevea. "

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251. U.S.Congress.House. ... bill to provide for the planting of guayule and other rubber-bearing plants and to make available a source of crude rubber for emergency and defense uses. U.S.Cong.,77th, 2d Sess.,H.R.6624. 5pp. [Washington,U.S.Govt.print.off.,1942.] Introduced by Mr.Anderson of California, Feb.18,1942, and referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

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  Govt.print.off., 1941]
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  on Military Affairs.
- 259. U.S. Congress, Senate. ... A bill to provide for the planting of guayule and other rubber-bearing plants and to make available a source of crude rubber for emergency and defense uses. U.S. Cong., 77th, 2d Sess., S. 2282. 5pp. [Washington, U.S. Govt.print.off., 1942.] Introduced by Mr. Downey, Feb. 17, 1942, and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs; reported by the Senate Committee Feb. 18; passed by Senate Feb. 19; reported by the House Committee on Agriculture Feb. 27; passed by the House Feb. 28.

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- 260. U.S.Congress Sphate. Investigation of rubber supplies and production.

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  from former to Sen.Reynolds on same(both submitted by Sen.La Follett)

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- 265. U.S.Congress.Senate.Committee on military affairs. ...Guayule rubber...

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## INDEX

Itom	Item
Accelerators	Caffey, E.A 157
effect of 80	Caldwell, N.L 234
Acclimatization See Cultivation	California 1,26,39,58,71,72,81
Aging 284,285	138,111,114,161,177,192,218,228
Agricultural products	Escondido
corporation and rubber	Los Angeles 57,230
exploration co 114	Mare island 219
Agrotechnical methods of	Monterey county 24,240
growing 140	Prado 25
Aldrich, E.B 43	Red Bluff 159
American chemical society 29,45	Sacramento valley 159
158,230,232,233	Salinas 7,41,42
American rubber producers, inc. 84	59,81,84,105,182,235,240
182,235	San Francisco 233
See also Intercontinental	San Joaquin valley 159
rubber co.	Shafter 117
Ampar brand of guayule rubber 8	California-Mexico land and
Analysis of guayule rubber. 242	cattle co 40
Anderson, J.Z 17	Calvino, Mario 178
78,218,248,249,251,252,255,268	Canada
L'Anglo Wexicana 38	Toronto 275
Appleby, P.H 255, 269	Carnegie desert laboratory 289
Arizona23,53,72,111,114,228	Cedros ranch co 114
Agricultural experiment	Centennial exposition,
station 244	Philadolphia, 1876 145
Arizona. University 53,289	Chapin, C.L 253
Ash See under Content of shrub	Characteristics of the rubber
Atwater, H.G 255	See wuslities of the rubber
Auchter, E.C. 9	Cheever, J.H 184
Azerbaidzhan <u>See</u> Russia	Chemistry See Extraction,
	chemical; Manufacture into
Babcock, E.B. 255	finished product
Baker, C.L 255	Climate See under Cultivation
Big bend manufacturing co 86	Coahuila mining and smelting
Bigelow, J.M 63,80,145	co
Bing, K	Cole, <i>I</i> .H
Boone, C.E 237	Colloidal suspension 224,236
Border rubber co 98,217	Collyer, J.L. 255
Botanical society of America 153	Compañía explotadora
Botany	Coahuilense 164
80,113,127,136,137,145,149,158,166,187,200	Compañía explotadora de caucho
flower	mexicana 189
	Compania explotadora de hulé 183
153,155,179,216,224,231,235,236 See also Content of shrub	Comparative qualities of the
Brandes, E.W 255,268	rubber <u>See</u> Qualities of the
Buchanan, A.E 168	Compounds 22,45,82,237,282
Burbank, Alfred 25	Content of shrub 2,3,158,215,229
Durbank, hillieu	00H00H0 01 SHTu0 2, 3, 100, 213, 229

Item	Item
Content of shrub - Continued	Deterioration of shrub
ash 189	in storage
resin36,154,172,189,215,229,239	
See also Extraction,	102,142,170,201,279
deresination	Downey, Sheridan 61, 253, 259, 264
rubber28,66,102,124,131,132,135	E
136,145,146,129,150,151,153,154	Economics 9,51,52
158,159,201,231,232,234,236,286 <u>Sec also</u> Yield	77,112,138,146,232 capital investment 226
Stoarin 227	development of industry. 9,12
Continental Maxican rubber	
co	17,117,182,275 marketing 14,81,288
Continental rubber co39,42,43,85	relationship to entire rubber
97,114,156	industry
Sec also intercontinental	72,106,114,120,180
rubber co.	190,277,213,222,237,243
Continental rubber company	rubber needs96,108,122
of Pexico 274	159,161,195,211,213,241,271,280
Copalin See Nomenclature Cortical tissue 124	See also Imports and exports;
Costs See Prices and costs	Mexico, economics; Prices and
Cross-pollination Sub under	costs Endlich, Rudolph 5
Cultivation	Eritrea
Cultivation 1,41,42,57,58,71,73,84	cultivation 13,215
91,102,109,114,131,136,137,145	Esch, Werner 273
159,161,170,201,221,224,233,276	Exhibits 57,156,178
climate 29,170,213	Exports See Imports and exports
cross-pollination 160	Extraction4, 28, 32, 33, 51, 52, 54, 57
cuttings 138,152,210,291	62,70,71,73,79,80,84,99,101
fertilizer 141	102,114,123,126,136,137,146
germination 93,128,133 138,142,152,158,159,225	147,161,170,173,174,185,192
	chemical 15,19,232
reproduction 25,54 gametophyte 129	deresination 30,36,114
soil 29,125,170,213	machinery 168,224
transplanting 225	mechanical.15,16,31,55,65,105,239
water 76,151,153,154,199	patents 97,180,183,184,200
yield Sco Yield	refuse 274
See also Machinery, gricultural;	washing 281
See also under names of	
forci in countries	Feeding of animals on guayule 64
Cuttings See under Cultivation Cytoembryological analysis &A	Fertilizer See under Cultivation Firestone, H.S., jr 255
Cytoembryological analysis 44 Czechoslovakia132,162,290	Firestone, H.S., jr 255 Flower See under Botany
Brno	Formulas See Compounds
22110	Francois
Delafond, Elias 95,183	Frank, Fr 169
Deresination See under	Fuel, use of extraction
Extraction	refuse as 274
Description of shrub(external) 18	Fulmer, h.P 250
32,50,51,52,54,57,62,73,79,86	General tire and rubber co.
87,123,131,145,146,159	See Tason, W.H.; O'Neil, Villiam
170,199,212,221,222,229,275	The state of the s

	Itom		İtem
Genetic analysis of guayule	160	Jones, J.H	255
Germany	169	,	
Germination See under		Kennedy	107
Cultivation		Kew Royal botanical gardens	93,107
Government aid See under		Kirkwood, J.E	145
Mexico and United States		Kuz'min,Ś.F	166
Gray, Asa 63,80,8	6,145	· ·	
Great Britain 9	3,183	LaFollette, R.M., jr	260
Manchester	231	Lawrence, W.A	97
Griffith, P.M	184	Lee, C.A	57
Grunfeld, O	290	Libya	
,		cultivation	34
Habitat 80,114,145,170,19	1,199	Litchfield, P.W	255
200,201,212,221,22		Lloyd, F.E	54
Harter, Dow	255	• • ·	
	80	McCallum, W.B	19,71
Harvesting 123,126,173,199,20	1,226	108,114,224	
See also Machinery, agricultu		Fc Cargar, F.S	
Henderson, Loon		MacDaugal, D.T	7
History5,18,19,28,53,54,62,		Machinory, agricultural	14
79,80,87,91,102,126,131,13		24,59,7	
146,159,170,183,18		136,163,174,194,	
199,200,203,211,22		Machinery(extraction)Sec	,
Hunicke, F.H		under Extraction	
name cress in a second contract of		Madero brothers	164,200
Imports and experts 31,11	0 137	Manufacture into finished	104,000
See also under Moxico	0,101	product	243,273
Inflorescences	130	Mariola Sec Varieties of shi	
Institution of the rubber	1)0	Marx, Adolpho	83
industry	231	Marx, Max	183
Intercontinental rubber co.	24	Nasaryk university, Brno,	رب
30,57,72,		Czechoslovakia	163
84,105,114,117,161,177,23		Mason, W.H.	255,268
See also American rubber	مراس م	Nutallur ical methods of	المام ورزيم
producers, in .; Continental		extraction	168
Mexican rubber co.; Continu		Mexican boundary survey	145
rubber co.	211 OCC 11.	Nexican Herald	
International guayule		Mexico5,19,31,32,33,47,6	
rubber co	97	87,93,110,114	
International rubber congress	151.	178,180,208,212	
International rubber exhibition			•
Irrigation See under	M 100	Chihuahua	109
Cultivation, water			
Italy	2 706	Coahuila	173
cultivation	143	Cuatro Cienegas	
Palermo	229	cultivation	54,103
Triesto	178	125,137,174,198	
	166	CedrosLos Cedros	153
Ivanova, V.I	100		. 157
Janan see colony in Town		Mexico City	95
Japanese colony in Lower	40	San Jacinto	210
California	40	Tuhuacán	214
OTEMIT OF DOE MOMONOTS OFFICE		Zacatucas	128

	Item		Item
Mexico - Continued	100,	Parenchyma cells	1.50
Durango 103	3.100.145	Porthenium august of lium	
economics		Sec Variaties of Shrub	
109,123,128,177		Parthenium hysterophorus	
Gomez Falacio		See Varieties of shrub	
government aid		Parthenium incanum Gray	
imports and exports		See Varieties of shrub	
	7,137,167	Parthenium latifolium	
Lower California	40	See Varieties of shrub	
Matamoras	184,209	Parthenium Lloydii	
Monterey	209	See Varieties of shrub	
Parras	164,200	Patents, list of	
producing companies		(See pages 47 and 48 follows	ing item
	5,191,200	291); See also under Extraction	
See also names of	)	Pennsylvania	
individual firms		Philadelphia 1.	15 232
	e 25		مر مور ا
production, statistics o		Pests See Diseases and pests	166
	9,167,208	Physiological characteristics	
Saltillo		Plasticity	49
San Luis Potosi		Prampolini	_
Torreon31,53,85,9		Preservation of shrub	_
Viesca	173	Frices and costs	_
Zacatecas	109	51,87,96,122,177,192,2	
See also History		Producing companies 1	37,191
Mexico.Contral agricul-		See also names of individual	1
tural station,		firms; See also under Mex	ico
San Jacinto	210	Production(processing)	
Mexico.National medical		See Extraction	
institute	5,6	statistics of 98,110,137,1	67.201
Miller, C.A	209	See also under Moxico	.,,
Mixing with other rubbers	-	CO OLLOO WINGS MOSEU	
See Compounds		Qualities of the rubber 8,16	28 77
~			
Morocco	7.24	72,00,09,91,172,150,190,2	
cultivation	_	odor	189
Morphology	130	2 17 2 7	0/ 7/5
Morris, R.E.	284,235	Reproduction of wild shrub 1	
		146,148,149,197,199,2	00,201
National defense See unde		See also under Gultivation	
Natural history society o	f	Resin Se under Content of sh	rub
Nexico	145	Rotonyos	148
New Mexico	63,228	Ratting See under Extraction,	
New York(City)Botanical		deresination	
garden	147	Reynolds, M. M	260
New York daily mirror			34,285
New York times		Ross, H	155
Nomenclature		Rubber content See under	
175,184,18		Content of shrub	
عدو المحدور المد	J, 170, 201	Rubber exploration co	240
Olegon Coffee Dohn	107		
Olsson-Seffer, Pehr		Russia 20,21,44,115,118,1	
O'Neal, E.A.	255	139,165,166,1	70,157
O'Neil, William 10,	01,73,255	188,194,202,276,2	18,279
		• •	

Item	Item
Russia - Continued	U.C.
Azerbaidzhan 35,206	government aid
Black Spashore 186 Crimea	13,26,122,192,218
Oultivation 102,119,133,134,135	logislation 37,61,68,78,90,120
140,141,142,163,131,204,205,291	228,248-270,287 national defense 9,10
Turkomania 206	national defense 9,10 83,122,123,159,193,219
Russian commission to Mexico 171	U.S.Dept.of agriculture 19,60
	107,111,117,247
Salinas[Calif.]chamber of	See also under U.S., govern-
commerce	ment aid, legislation
Salinas valloy[Calif.]	U.S.Burcau of plant industry 9
national defense committee 57	207,255,268
San Francisco examiner 253	U.S.Dept.of commerce 174
San Jose [Calif.] mercury-herald 13 School lands	U.S. Comptroller general 260
Texas 86	U.S.Federal guayule
Sicily	corporation 90 U.S. Mational bureau of
cultivation 238	standerds 72,237
Society of chemical industry 154	U.S. National defense advisory
231,275	commission 218
Softening agent 82	U.S. Mavy dept219,255,284
Soil See under Cultivation	U.S.Tariff commission 255
Sosnovets, A.A	Uses 43,47,49,84,85,101
Southern states 108,225	114,169,173,272,273,287
Southwestern states 41,159	Sec also Tires
Spence, David	
Stanford university 235 Stearin See under Content	Varieties of guayulo rubbor 16
of shrub	Varieties of shrub44,52,102,130 133,134,136,137,142,148
Steshina, N.A 44	160,172,188,201,202,212,225
Stöhr, R 227	Viscosimetric characteristics 172
Subsidy See Mexico, government	Vulcanization See Manufacture
aid; U.S.,government aid	into finished product
Eupply of wild shrub 1.26	*
138,200,201,245	Wallaco, H.A 9
Synatherepeas l'exicanas	Warren, L.C 260
See Nomenclature	Water See under Cultivation
Tools 45 72 162 227 201 201	Western hemisphere 9,264
Tests45,72,163,237,284,285 Texas 72,86,111,159	Wilson, C.T., co
Brewster co 228	Wood, H.G 269
Escondido creek 145	Yeandle process
Marathon98,217,246	of extraction 99
Pecos co	Yiold
Presidio co 228	137,141,142,143,192
Texas.University	197,198,199,225,241
Texas rubber co 86	Yule
Thornbor, J.J 289	See Nomenclature
Thornley, R.F 284, 285	oco il monoretto de c
Tires	
Transplanting See under Cultivation	Zelníček, A 121
Transpronting occ anact outerventing	

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